Grey

These are issues/comments where the matter is closed.



Natural England's key to RAG status	Risk
Purple	
Note for Examiners and/or competent authority. May relate to DCO/DML.	
Natural England considers that unless these issues are resolved it will have to advise that (in relation to any one of them, and as appropriate) it is not possible to ascertain that the project will not affect the integrity of an SAC/SPA and/or comply fully with the Environmental Impact Assessment requirements and/or avoid significant adverse effect on landscape/seascape, unless the following are satisfactorily provided:  new baseline data; significant design changes; and/or significant mitigation;  Natural England feels that issues given Red status are so complex, or require the provision of so much outstanding information, that they are unlikely to be resolved during examination, and respectfully suggests that they be addressed beforehand.  Amber  Natural England considers that if these issues are not addressed or resolved by the end of examination then they would become a Red risk as set out above. Likely to relate to fundamental issues with assessment or methodology which could be rectified; preferably before examination.	
Yellow These are issues/comments where Natural England doesn't agree with the Applicant's position or approach. We would flag these at the PEIr stage with the view that they would be addressed in the Application. But otherwise we are satisfied for <a href="mailto:this particular project">this particular project</a> that it will not make a material difference to our advice or the outcome of the decision-making process. However, it should be noted that this may not be the case for other projects. Therefore it should be noted by interested parties that just because these issues/comments are not raised as part of our Relevant Representations in this instance it should not be understood or inferred that in other cases or circumstances Natural England will take this approach. Furthermore, these may become issues should further evidence be presented.	
Green Natural England supports the Applicant's approach.	
Issues Key	
Yellow These are issues/comments that apply to East Anglia ONE NORTH (EA1N) only	
Blue These are issues/comments that apply to East Anglia TWO (EA2) only	
Clear These are issues/comments that apply to both projects	



Poin	Natural England's Relevant Representation	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D1	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D2	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D3	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D4	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D5	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
Offsl	nore Ornithology (Appendix A)													
1	Red-throated diver displacement impacts on Outer Thames Estuary SPA		At a workshop 28.07.20 it was agreed the Applicants will update the RTD note. Document will be submitted by the Applicant at Deadline 3.		N/A		NE engaged in a workshop with the Applicant on 07.12.20, where they presented results of a modelling exercise that concluded displacement extended out to 7km. A buffer between EA1N and the OTE SPA of 2km has been proposed, and the Applicant stated that this would reduce the effect, but not mitigate the impacts. Therefore there still would be an AEOI alone based on area affected. Awaiting RTD note to be submitted by the Applicant at Deadline 3.		The Applicant submitted a document outlining the displacement of redthroated divers in the Outer Thames Estuary SPA at Deadline 3 [REP3-049]. Our position regarding AEOI remains the same, please see NE Deadline 4 Appendix A12 for our detailed comments.		Our positon remains the same as that set out in Appendix A12 REP4-087.		The Applicant submitted an updated document at Deadline 5- Displacement of Red-throated Diver in the Outer Thames Estuary SPA [REP5-025]. Our position regarding AEOI remains the same; an adverse effect on integrity on the Outer Thames Estuary SPA from East Anglia ONE North alone cannot be ruled out. Please see NE Deadline 6 Appendix A17 for detailed comments.	
2	Collision Risk Modelling (CRM) parameters		Workshop on 22.10.20 discussed this issues. Formal comments will be submitted by NE at Deadline 2.		N/A		Please see our Deadline 2 response REP2-052.		Ongoing, awaiting updated Collision Risk document from the Applicant at Deadline 4.		The Applicant submitted an Offshore Ornithology Cumulative and In-Combination Collision Risk Update at Deadline 4. Overall, the updates presented do not alter Natural England's conclusions presented in our update on Offshore Ornithology submitted at Deadline 3 [REP3-117]. Please see NE Deadline 5 Appendix A16 for detailed comments.		Our position remains unchanged.	



Point	Natural England's Relevant Representation	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	Consultation, actions, progression	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D2	Consultation, actions, progression	Istatus	IConsultation actions	RAG status D4	Consultation, actions, progression	Istatus	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
3	Cumulative and in-combination assessments (displacement and CRM);		Workshop on 28.07.20 initiated an updated cumulative and incombination assessment. Document will be submitted by the applicant and Deadline 3.	N/A		NE engaged in a workshop with the Applicant on 07.12.20 NE engaged in a workshop with the Applicant on 07.12.20. NE has requested more information. We are awaiting RTD note to be submitted by the Applicant at Deadline 3.		The Applicant submitted a document outlining the displacement of redthroated divers in the Outer Thames Estuary SPA at Deadline 3 [REP3-049]. Our position remains the same, please see NE Deadline 4 Appendix A12 for our detailed comments.		Our positon remains the same as that set out in Appendix A12 REP4-087.		Our position remains unchanged.	
4	Scale of predicted cumulative and incombination collision impacts and requirement for mitigation.		At the SPA workshop 28.07.20 it was agreed the Applicants will update the RTD note. Document will be submitted by NE at Deadline 3. Workshop on 28.07.20 initiated an updated cumulative and in-combination assessment. This will be submitted by the applicant and Deadline 1.	N/A		NE engaged in a workshop with the Applicant on 07.12.20. NE has advised that further information is provided. We are awaiting RTD note to be submitted by the Applicant at Deadline 3. In respect of the others species, the Applicant updated the cumulative and incombination collision assessments at Deadline 1 (REP1-047). Please see our response at Deadline 2 [REP2-052].		Please see NE Deadline 4 Appendix A12 for detailed comments on red- throated diver displacement from OTE SPA. Furthermore, we are awaiting updated collision risk figures at Deadline 4 for all other species.		Our positon remains the same as that set out in Appendix A12 REP4-087.		Our position remains unchanged.	
5	Post-construction monitoring.		Ongoing discussions - NE notes there will be an updated in principle monitoring plan submitted by the applicant at Deadline 3.	N/A				Natural England will submit comments on the IPMP at Deadline 5.		The Applicant submitted an IPMP at Deadline 3, please see NE Deadline 5 Appendix F8 for detailed comments.		Natural England are awaiting an updated IPM at Deadline 6.	Р
Marin	ne Mammals (Appendix B)												
6	Need for regulatory mechanism to manage multiple Site Integrity Plans (SIPs) across offshore wind farm projects.												
7	Frequency of piling and UXO activities		There is ongoing discussions on this matter. More comments on this matter can be seen in REP1-155 (Point 11).	N/A		Ongoing discussion.		Ongoing Discussion		Awaiting applicant to submit draft conditions.		Natural England are awaiting updated conditions.	



Point	INATURAL England's Relevant	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	progression	status	actions,	Istatus	IConsultation actions	Istatus	Consultation actions	Istatus	Consultation, actions, progression	Istatus	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
Terre	strial Ecology (Appendix C)													
8	Potential for supporting habitat loss within the Sandlings SPA		The Applicant provided a draft SPA crossing method statement to NE on 15.09.20. NE responded on 07.10.20 and advised that suitable mitigation measures can be adopted to minimise the impacts of open cut trenching to an acceptable level. However, there are remaining concerns that we believe should be addressed in the consent phase in order to support the open trenching technique.		N/A		The Applicant submitted a SPA Crossing Method Statement at Deadline 1 [REP1-043], we responded at Deadline 2 [REP2-053].		The Applicant has advised in response at Deadline 3 [REP3-070] that an updated SPA Crossing Method Statement will be provided into Examination.		Issue Ongoing - Although NE default position remains unchanged, NE acknowledge the Applicants preference for an open trench SPA crossing method. See Natural England update in Appendix C7 At Deadline 5. We await further submission form the Applicant into Examination.		Our position remains unchanged	



Poi	Natural England's Relevant Representation	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	Consultation actions	status	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D2	Consultation, actions,	RAG status D3	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D4	Consultation, actions, progression	letatue	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
S	Clarification of redline boundary for cable corridor		In REP1-165, Natural England notes that the Applicant agreed, through the SoCG process, to undertake an assessment of cumulative impacts with the Sizewell C project. Natural England have also requested to review the Ecological Management Plan (EMP) and would welcome further consultation on any outline EMP during examination. Subsequently, The Applicant has further stated (written comments on NE comments to applicant comments on NE RR received 23.09.20) that additional terrestrial assessment of cumulative impacts with Sizewell C is not required. Natural England will advise when further information is received.		N/A		Ongoing. See also Deadline 3 submission, Appendix D2 Natural England comments to Sizewell C cumulative Impact Assessment [REP- 010]		The Applicant has submitted an Outline Landscape and Ecological Management Strategy at Deadline 3 [REP3-030 and REP3-31], this includes an EMP. Natural England will respond to this document at Deadline 5.		NE reviewed the plan OLEMS plan (REP3-030 and 031] - see Natural England Update Appendix C7 At Deadline 5. NE remind the Applicant that known badger setts are likely to be known and therefore should be able to be avoided. NE may have further comments following submission of the EMP and pre- construction surveys. NE are not yet aware that the Applicant has applied for a protected species license.		Our position remains unchanged	
10	Potential for disturbance to designated breeding features of Sandlings SPA		Following a workshop on 16.07.20 the Applicants have updated the Outline SPA Crossing Method Statement.		N/A		The Applicant submitted a SPA Crossing Method Statement at Deadline 1 [REP1-043], we responded at Deadline 2 [REP2-053].		The Applicant advised, in response at Deadline 3, [REP3-070] that an updated SPA Crossing Method Statement will be provided into Examination to provide information to ensure there is sufficient information regarding seasonal bird breeding restriction.				Our position remains unchanged	



Point	INatural England's Relevant	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	Consultation, actions, progression	status	actions,	RAG status D2	Consultation, actions, progression	letatue	Inrograccion	RAG status D4	Consultation, actions, progression	letatue	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
	Request for SNCB consultation on		Natural England have		N/A		NE require the (Ecological		The Applicant has		Natural England were		Our position remains	
	management plans		advised the applicant that				Management Plan) EMP		submitted an Outline		consulted on the OLEMS		unchanged	
			we would welcome				during examination to		Landscape and Ecological		[REP3-030 and REP3-031],			
			further consultation on				progress with this issue.		Management Strategy at Deadline 3 [REP3-030 and		See Appendix C7, Deadline 5. Natural			
11			any outline EMP during examination.						REP3-031], this includes		England wish to be added			
			examination.						an EMP. Natural England		as a SNCB consultee to			
									will respond to this		the final EMP.			
									document at Deadline 5.		the mar zivii i			
	100 11 10 100			/ 0	. 5)									
Lands	cape and Visual Impact Assessment (LVIA)  Need for more information on	– Terres		(Append	N/A		NE welcomes the		N/A					
	construction phase activities and		Natural England have liaised with the Applicant		N/A		information within the		N/A					
	subsequent impacts to landscape and		on this matter, this is				Project Update Note							
	Suffolk Coast and Heaths AONB.		outlined in REP1-154. NE				[REP2-007] submitted by							
			notes no commitment				the Applicant at D2 that							
			from applicant to an				simultaneous installation							
			anticipated				of the cable infrastructure							
			timetable/construction				for both the EA1N and							
			activities schedule - this				EA2 projects when the							
			would be made post				first of the two proceeds							
			consent. The actual				will significantly lessen							
12			impact of the construction				and landscape or							
			phase on the AONB could				ecological impact.							
			be more difficult to											
			assess. Therefore											
			consideration could be given to key elements at											
			the same time such as											
			ducting for both projects											
			especially at designated											
			sites including landscape.											
			a see menasang ianassapei											



Point	Natural England's Relevant Representation	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D1	actions,	RAG status D2	Consultation, actions, progression	letatue	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D4	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D5	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
Seaso	ape and Landscape Visual Impact Assessm	nent (SLV	/IA) - 'Offshore' elements of	f the pro	ject (Appendix E	)								
13	Night-time effects of navigational lighting have not been assessed for rural locations		REP1-157 (Point 3.4.1.) and outcome of Jul workshop - Resolved - NE welcomes the Applicant's commitment to reduce the intensity of the aviation lighting to 200cd whenever atmospheric conditions permit.		N/A				N/A					
14	Significant cumulative effects with the EA2 OWF project.		REP1-157 (point 3.11.1) - Cumulative Effects with EA2 Ongoing: The values presented by NE updated to view height of 6.5m.		N/A						No update		Our position remains unchanged	
Deve	opment Consent Order, Deemed Marine I	Licences		nentatio		_	_							
15	Definitions of commence, and offshore preparation are not appropriate as they may allow significantly damaging works to be undertaken prior to approval of monitoring, mitigation or construction plans.		The Applicant stated [AS-036] that they will update the definition of "offshore preparation works" in the next version of the draft DCO. There is ongoing disagreement with regards to the UXO detonation timings. More comments can be seen at REP1-155.		N/A		NE to review updated DCO/DML at deadline 3.		Issue Ongoing. The updated Draft DCO and schedule of changes to the draft DCO [REP-011, REP-012 and REP-013] submitted at Deadline 3 retains the inclusion of UXO works, although Natural England note the words 'not limited to' are removed. As stated in our RR-059, this should be removed, as per our response in Appendix G2		Discussions ongoing		Definitions of commence and offshore preparations works agreed.	
16	Natural England have requested a range of conditions to control the noise impacts from EA1N and EA2. Most notably conditions are required to ensure no concurrent piling or concurrent UXO high order detonations in any one day.		The applicant [AS-036] considers that the SIP is adequate to ensure these mitigations. NE disagree but have noted UXO detonations could be clustered around a 5km point.		N/A		Discussion ongoing		Discussion Ongoing		Awaiting applicant to submit draft conditions.		Natural England are waiting updated conditions.	



Poin	Natural England's Relevant Representation	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	IConsultation, actions.	RAG status D1	-	Istatus	Consultation, actions, progression	Istatus	IConsultation, actions.	RAG status D4	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D5	Consultation, actions,	RAG status D6
17	Cable protection should not be permitted to be deployed over any area over the full lifetime of the project.		The Applicant stated [AS-036] that they will review a paper produced by Natural England which offers guidance on the expected marine licensing requirements. This is an ongoing issue.		N/A		NE to review updated DCO/DML at deadline 3.		Issue ongoing, see Natural England response Appendix G2 and Appendix F7 at Deadline 4. We also refer to the comments in our relevant and written reps [RR-059], Appendix F1 [REP1-161] and Appendix F2 [REP1-158].		Discussions ongoing		NE agree on a without prejudice basis to updated wording proposed by MMO for deployment of cable protection during operation.	
18	Unexploded ordnance (UXO) is not appropriately described within the Development Consent Order (DCO)/Deemed Marine Licences (DML)s.		This issue is under discussion, please see REP1-155.		N/A		NE to review updated DCO/DML at deadline 3.		Issue Ongoing. See our response in Appendix G2 at D4.		Awaiting applicant to submit draft conditions.		NE accepts the updated wording for the UXO conditions and the timing requirements.	



Poin	and Written Representations EA1N Appendix A - Offshore Ornithology	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	Consultation, actions, progression	status	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D2	Consultation, actions, progression	Istatus	Consultation, actions, progression	Istatus	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D5	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
1. Re	Part of the EA1N offshore windfarm (OWF) is immediately adjacent to the OTE SPA and is likely to result in displacement of RTD and result in an adverse effect on integrity (AEOI) from the project. The boundary of the development should be amended so no part of the array is within 10 km of the SPA.		At a workshop 28.07.20 it was agreed the Applicants will update the RTD note. Document will be submitted by the Applicant at Deadline 3. Further comments on this issue can be found in REP1-171 (Point 1) and REP1-172.		N/A		NE engaged in a workshop with the Applicant on 07.12.20, where they presented results of a modelling exercise that concluded displacement extended out to 7km. A buffer between EA1N and the OTE SPA of 2km has been proposed, and the Applicant stated that this would reduce the effect, but not mitigate the impacts. Therefore there still would be an AEOI alone based on area affected. Awaiting RTD note to be submitted by the Applicant at Deadline 3.		The Applicant submitted a document outlining the displacement of redthroated divers in the Outer Thames Estuary SPA at Deadline 3 [REP3-049]. Our position regarding AEOI remains the same, please see NE Deadline 4 Appendix A12 for our detailed comments.		Our position remains the same as that set out in Appendix A12 REP4-087.		The Applicant submitted an updated document at Deadline 5- Displacement of Red-throated Diver in the Outer Thames Estuary SPA [REP5-025]. Our position regarding AEOI remains the same; an adverse effect on integrity on the Outer Thames Estuary SPA from East Anglia ONE North alone cannot be ruled out. Please see NE Deadline 6 Appendix A17 for detailed comments.	
2	Natural England recommends that the Applicant reviews the targets and supporting notes for the attributes identified in our relevant representation [REP-059]. The targets set out the desired state of the attribute and the supporting notes provide detailed evidence of displacement impacts on RTD.		Ongoing discussion. Further comments on this issue are in REP1-171 and REP1-172.		N/A		Awaiting Applicant's RTD assessment update at Deadline 3.		The Applicant submitted a document outlining the displacement of red-throated divers in the Outer Thames Estuary SPA at Deadline 3 [REP3-049]. Our position regarding targets for the SPA remains unchanged, please see NE Deadline 4 Appendix A12 for our detailed comments.		Our position remains the same as that set out in Appendix A12 REP4-087.		The Applicant submitted an updated document at Deadline 5 - Displacement of Red-throated Diver in the Outer Thames Estuary SPA [REP5-025]. Please see NE Deadline 6 Appendix A17 for detailed comments.	



Poin	Taken from Natural England's Relevant t and Written Representations EA1N Appendix A - Offshore Ornithology	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	Consultation, actions, progression	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D2	Consultation, actions, progression	Istatus	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D4	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D5	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
3	The level of vessel traffic associated with site maintenance has been quantified. However, the impacts of increased traffic on RTD have not been considered, these need to be discussed and mitigated.		Natural England has liaised with the Applicant on this matter and have suggested mitigation of impacts on SPA as part of our discretionary advice service (DAS). Further comments on this issue are in REP1-171 (Point 2) and REP1-172.	N/A		The Applicant has informed NE they will submit a best practice protocol into examination.		The Applicant submitted a Best Practice Protocol for Minimising Disturbance to Red-Throated Diver [REP3-074]. We welcome this document and agree with it's adoption. However, further detail is required in relation the expectations to deliver the mitigation.		Our position remains the same as that set out in Appendix A12 REP4-087.		Natural England are awaiting an updated Best Practice Protocol for RTD at Deadline 6/7.	
4	Natural England agrees that there is likely to be no adverse effect alone as a result of RTD displacement due to cable laying (cable laying operations are of a temporary nature). We are unable to rule out AEOI in-combination from displacement therefore a seasonal restriction in cable laying activity should put be in place.		Ongoing discussion. Further comments on this issue are in REP1-171 (Point 3 and 5) and REP1-172.	N/A		NE still maintain that a seasonal restriction should be secured		This is in line with the Best Practice Protocol for minimising disturbance. Please see Appendix A12 for further advice.		Our position remains the same as that set out in Appendix A12 REP4-087.		Natural England are awaiting an updated Best Practice Protocol for RTD at Deadline 6/7.	
5	Natural England does not agree with the Applicant's estimate that up to 33 individuals will be displaced within the SPA. The extent of displacement effects is known to extend to beyond 10km, and therefore assuming that displacement effects only go out to 4km means the impacts are potentially underestimated.		At a workshop 28.07.20 it was agreed the Applicants will update the RTD note. Document will be submitted by the Applicant at Deadline 3. Further comments on these issues are in REP1-171 (Point 1) and REP1-	N/A		NE engaged in a workshop with the Applicant on 07.12.20, where they presented results of a modelling exercise that concluded displacement extended out to 7km. A buffer between EA1N and the OTE SPA of 2km has		The Applicant submitted a document outlining the displacement of redthroated divers in the Outer Thames Estuary SPA at Deadline 3 [REP3-049]. Our position remains the same, please see NE Deadline 4 Appendix A12		Our position remains the same as that set out in Appendix A12 REP4-087.		The Applicant submitted an updated document at Deadline 5 - Displacement of Red-throated Diver in the Outer Thames Estuary SPA [REP5-025]. Please see NE Deadline 6 Appendix A17 for detailed comments.	,
6	The focus on predicted mortality and the effect this would have on the abundance of RTD within the SPA is not the only issue for assessing impacts on the SPA. The change in distribution of divers due to the close proximity of the array to the OTE SPA also needs to be considered. Also, the mortality rates are a relatively crude method of capturing a range of potentially deleterious effects that could arise from displacement, including reduced fitness for migration and reduced productivity during the breeding season.		172.	N/A		been proposed, and the Applicant stated that this would reduce the effect, but not mitigate the impacts. Therefore there still would be an AEOI alone based on area affected. Awaiting RTD note to be submitted by the Applicant at Deadline 3.		for our detailed comments.		Our position remains the same as that set out in Appendix A12 REP4-087.		The Applicant submitted an updated document at Deadline 5 - Displacement of Red-throated Diver in the Outer Thames Estuary SPA [REP5-025]. Please see NE Deadline 6 Appendix A17 for detailed comments.	,



Ро	nint land Written Renresentations FΔ1N Rel and I	ression	ictions. Istatus I	Consultation, actions, progression D3	atus	Consultation, actions,	RAG status D4	Consultation, actions,	Istatus	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
	There is a requirement to maintain the extent and distribution of supporting habitats for the designated species.  Natural England does not agree with the statement that "this requirement is not strictly at risk". Although the turbines themselves are not proposed to be constructed within the SPA, the supporting habitat will be directly affected. An AEOI cannot be ruled out beyond reasonable scientific doubt for the project alone.	N,	I/A					Our position remains the same as that set out in Appendix A12 REP4-087.		The Applicant submitted an updated document at Deadline 5 - Displacement of Red-throated Diver in the Outer Thames Estuary SPA [REP5-025]. Please see NE Deadline 6 Appendix A17 for detailed comments.	
;	There are in-combination effects from operational windfarms within the SPA. Low densities within existing operational windfarms reported in Irwin and others (2019) provides evidence of the impact of operational windfarms on the distribution of RTD within the SPA.	N,	N/A			The Applicant submitted a document outlining the displacement of redthroated divers in the Outer Thames Estuary SPA at Deadline 3 [REP3-049]. Our position remains the same, please see NE Deadline 4 Appendix A12 for our detailed comments.		Our position remains the same as that set out in Appendix A12 REP4-087.		The Applicant submitted an updated document at Deadline 5 - Displacement of Red-throated Diver in the Outer Thames Estuary SPA [REP5-025]. Please see NE Deadline 6 Appendix A17 for detailed comments.	
2.	Collision Risk Modelling (CRM) parameters. Document used:										
	Natural England recommends that the Applicant takes a more narrative approach to the assessment, and considers the Option 1 outputs for the species identified in our relevant representation in the context of the relevant Option 2 95% CIs, as part of a more range-based approach to  9 consideration of CRM impacts. This should consider the mean/central		N/A	Please see our Deadline 2 response REP2-052.		Ongoing, awaiting updated Collision Risk document from the Applicant at Deadline 4		The Applicant submitted an Offshore Ornithology Cumulative and In-Combination Collision Risk Update at Deadline 4. Overall, the updates presented do not alter Natural England's conclusions presented in our update on Offshore Ornithology submitted at Deadline 3 [REP3-117]. Please see NE Deadline 5 Appendix A16 for detailed comments.		No update	



Point	Taken from Natural England's Relevant and Written Representations EA1N Appendix A - Offshore Ornithology	IRel and	Consultation, actions, progression	status		status	Consultation, actions, progression	Istatus	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D4	Consultation, actions, progression	Istatus	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
10	It is of concern that the predicted mortalities using CRM Option 1, based on site specific estimates of PCH are significantly higher than the outputs using Option 2, which is based on generic boat based estimates of flight height.		The Applicant has committed to an increase in air draught height of 2m from 22 to 24m above MHWS. At the 28.07.20 workshop we advised this should be raised further. Further comments on this issue are provided in REP1.171 (Point 14).		N/A				Ongoing, awaiting updated Collision Risk document from the Applicant at Deadline 4		The Applicant submitted an Offshore Ornithology Cumulative and In-Combination Collision Risk Update at Deadline 4. Overall, the updates presented do not alter Natural England's conclusions presented in our update on Offshore Ornithology submitted at Deadline 3 [REP3-117]. Please see NE Deadline 5 Appendix A16 for detailed comments.		No update	
11	Natural England welcomes the use of our recommended Avoidance rates and nocturnal activity factors, and accept that there is an argument to present the Applicant's preferred options alongside. However, given the significant difference in predicted mortality when Option 1 is used, we suggest that this demonstrates that overall assessments of collision risk may not be precautionary enough.		A workshop on 22.10.20 discussed this matter. Formal comments will be submitted by NE at Deadline 2 once the document is formally submitted into examination. However, further comments on this issue are provided in REP1. 171 (Point 18).		N/A				Ongoing, awaiting updated Collision Risk document from the Applicant at Deadline 4		The Applicant submitted an Offshore Ornithology Cumulative and In-Combination Collision Risk Update at Deadline 4. Overall, the updates presented do not alter Natural England's conclusions presented in our update on Offshore Ornithology submitted at Deadline 3 [REP3-117]. Please see NE Deadline 5 Appendix A16 for detailed comments.		No update	



Poin	Taken from Natural England's Relevant and Written Representations EA1N Appendix A - Offshore Ornithology	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D1	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D2	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D3	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D4	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D5	Consultation, actions,	RAG status D6
3. Cu	The cumulative operational displacement assessment totals for RTD are based on an incomplete data set. Table 12.37 excludes a number of projects. These missing projects will reduce the confidence in the assessments and result in a significant under-estimation of the cumulative/in-combination assessments.  The disproportionate contribution that		Workshop on 28.07.20 initiated an updated cumulative and incombination assessment. Document will be submitted by the Applicant and Deadline 3. But, further comments on this issue can be found in REP1-171 (Point 19) and REP1-172.		N/A		NE engaged in a workshop with the Applicant on 07.12.20. The considerable disparity between the Applicant's predicted levels of displacement within the windfarm from the modelling work, and the results from many empirical studies from the OTE SPA raises significant questions over the validity of the Applicant's modelling work. NE has		The Applicant submitted a document outlining the displacement of red-throated divers in the Outer Thames Estuary SPA at Deadline 3 [REP3-049]. Our position remains the same, please see NE Deadline 4 Appendix A12 for our detailed comments.  The Applicant submitted a		Our position remains the same as that set out in Appendix A12 REP4-087.  Our position remains the		The Applicant submitted an updated document at Deadline 5 - Displacement of Red-throated Diver in the Outer Thames Estuary SPA [REP5-025]. Please see NE Deadline 6 Appendix A17 for detailed comments.	
13	EA1N makes is clear in Table A12.3.9. EA1N alone contributes 9.5% of the cumulative total, whereas all other Tier 4 projects combined (i.e. excluding EA1N) contribute 5.6% of the relative contribution to potential displacement. The approach considering the relative contribution does not adequately consider the overall level of cumulative displacement. This is due to displacement from a number of projects not being included.		continue to engage with NE on RTD matters throughout the examination period. Document will be submitted by the Applicant at Deadline 3. But, further comments on this issue can be found in REP1-171 (Point 21 and 23) and REP1-172.		N/A		requested more information. We are awaiting RTD note to be submitted by the Applicant at Deadline 3.		document outlining the displacement of red-throated divers in the Outer Thames Estuary SPA at Deadline 3 [REP3-049]. Our position remains the same, please see NE Deadline 4 Appendix A12 for our detailed comments.		same as that set out in Appendix A12 REP4-087.		an updated document at Deadline 5 - Displacement of Red-throated Diver in the Outer Thames Estuary SPA [REP5-025]. Please see NE Deadline 6 Appendix A17 for detailed comments.	
14	The assessment includes several sources of precaution, but it includes assumptions that may not reflect the full extent of diver displacement.  Natural England welcomes that assumptions around 100% displacement out to 4km are used, but we know this may underestimate the degree of displacement if the extent of displacement is >10km.				N/A				Please see NE Deadline 4 Appendix A12.		Our position remains the same as that set out in Appendix A12 REP4-087.		The Applicant submitted an updated document at Deadline 5 - Displacement of Red-throated Diver in the Outer Thames Estuary SPA [REP5-025]. Please see NE Deadline 6 Appendix A17 for detailed comments.	



Point	Taken from Natural England's Relevant and Written Representations EA1N Appendix A - Offshore Ornithology	IRel and	Consultation, actions, progression	status	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D2	Consultation, actions, progression	Istatus	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D4	Consultation, actions, progression	Istatus	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
15	Due to the Applicant's worst case scenario assessment of minor adverse, and considering that some projects are not included in the assessment, Natural England is unable to rule out a significant adverse effect for cumulative operational displacement on RTD at the EIA scale.				N/A				The Applicant submitted a document outlining the displacement of redthroated divers in the Outer Thames Estuary SPA at Deadline 3 [REP3-049]. Our position remains the same, please see NE Deadline 4 Appendix A12 for our detailed comments.		Our position remains the same as that set out in Appendix A12 REP4-087.		The Applicant submitted an updated document at Deadline 5 - Displacement of Red-throated Diver in the Outer Thames Estuary SPA [REP5-025]. Please see NE Deadline 6 Appendix A17 for detailed comments.	,
16	The cumulative auk (razorbill and guillemot) operational displacement assessment totals are based on an incomplete data set. Wind farm projects are missing from the assessments.		The Applicant has agreed to update the cumulative assessment tables to include relevant information from other projects. The Applicant will submit this document at Deadline 1. Further comments on this issue are in REP1-17 (Point 26).		N/A		The Applicants have submitted updated cumulative and incombination displacement tables for guillemot and razorbill at Deadline 2 (REP1-047). Please see our response NE Deadline 3 Appendix A10.		Matter closed. Missing projects have been added					
17	AEOI can be ruled out for the razorbill and guillemot features of the Flamborough and Filey Coast SPA (FFC SPA) for impacts in-combination with other plans and projects when Hornsea 3 was included in the in-combination total.		Workshop on 28.07.20 initiated an updated cumulative and incombination assessment. This will be submitted by the Applicant and Deadline 1. Further		N/A				Ongoing, awaiting updated Collision Risk document from the Applicant at Deadline 4.		Overall, the updates presented do not alter Natural England's conclusions presented in our update on Offshore Ornithology submitted at Deadline 3 [REP3-117].		No update	
18	The cumulative annual gannet collision risk prediction of 2,607 (Table 12.42) differs from the totals agreed at the end of the Norfolk Vanguard examination, which was 2,735. We seek clarification on why these two totals differ.		comments on this issue are in REP1-17 (Point 27 and 28).		N/A		The Applicant updated the cumulative and incombination collision assessments and submitted these at Deadline 1 (REP1-047). Please see our response at Deadline 2 [REP2-052].		Ongoing, awaiting updated Collision Risk document from the Applicant at Deadline 4.		Overall, the updates presented do not alter Natural England's conclusions presented in our update on Offshore Ornithology submitted at Deadline 3 [REP3-117].		No update	



Po	oint	and Written Representations EA1N Appendix A - Offshore Ornithology	IRel and	consultation, actions,	status		RAG status D2	Consultation, actions, progression	Istatus	Consultation, actions, progression	Istatus	Consultation, actions,	Istatus	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
	19	Natural England acknowledges that a higher avoidance rate of 99.5% for gannet has been recommended by Bowgen & Cook (2018) and that this would significantly reduce the cumulative total. Natural England and the other SNCBs are currently considering our response to the recommendations in Bowgen & Cook (2018). Our current advised avoidance rates are those set out in SNCBs (2014).		Matter closed after meeting on 20.06.20. The Applicant included higher avoidance rates as recommended.											
	20	Natural England acknowledges that assuming 25% nocturnal activity with gannet is precautionary, and that is why we have moved to a position of presenting a range of nocturnal activity between 0% and 25%. We note that the nocturnal activity factor from the review of nocturnal activity in gannets (Furness and others 2018) has not been used in the assessment.		Ongoing disagreement		N/A		No progress		Ongoing		No update		Issue resolved	
		The kittiwake cumulative collision risk assessment in Table 12.43 differs to the totals agreed by Natural England at the end of the Vanguard hearing. This agreed total was 4,114. There will also be a need to include the figures from Hornsea 4's PEIR. Before these figures are added there is already a 2.5% increase above baseline mortality.		The Applicant has updated cumulative and in-combination assessment. This will be submitted by the Applicant at Deadline 1. We will provide further comment on this matter.		N/A		Please see our response at Deadline 2 [REP2-052].		Ongoing, awaiting updated Collision Risk document from the Applicant at Deadline 4.		The Applicant submitted an Offshore Ornithology Cumulative and In-Combination Collision Risk Update at Deadline 4. Overall, the updates presented do not alter Natural England's conclusions presented in our update on Offshore Ornithology submitted at Deadline 3 [REP3-117]. Please see NE Deadline 5 Appendix A16 for detailed comments.		The figures have been updated and are now agreed. However, Natural England's advice remains that AEoI on Kittiwake in combination cannot be excluded.	



Poin	Taken from Natural England's Relevant and Written Representations EA1N Appendix A - Offshore Ornithology	IRel and	Consultation, actions, progression	status	actions,	Istatus	Consultation, actions, progression	Istatus	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D4	lConsultation actions	ISTATUS	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
22			Ongoing disagreement		N/A		Ongoing disagreement.		Ongoing		The Applicant submitted an Offshore Ornithology Cumulative and In-Combination Collision Risk Update at Deadline 4. Overall, the updates presented do not alter Natural England's conclusions presented in our update on Offshore Ornithology submitted at Deadline 3 [REP3-117]. Please see NE Deadline 5 Appendix A16 for detailed comments.		As the Applicant has removed figures based on Non-Material changes we consider this issue resolved. However, our position on As Built capacity remains and Natural England's advice remains that AEoI on Kittiwake in combination cannot be excluded.	
23	Taking into account some elements of potential precaution will lead to a reduction in mortality estimates. There are elements of the assessment which could result in an underestimate of collision risk. There is also the critical issue of variability in all of the input data, not least in bird density.		Further comments on this issue are in REP1-17 (Point 37). Ongoing disagreement.		N/A		Ongoing disagreement.		Ongoing		Ongoing disagreement.		As above.	
24	There are elements of the cumulative assessment that result in a higher mortality total, but we have concerns about use of Option 2 and the fact that much higher predicted collisions are predicted when using Option 1. However, we agree that the cumulative impact on lesser black-backed gull at the EIA scale is minor adverse (not significant).		Ongoing disagreement		N/A		Ongoing disagreement.		Ongoing		No update		Natural England have accepted the use of Option 2, however, we maintain our concern that the use of Option 1 would result in much higher predicted collisions.	



Poin	Taken from Natural England's Relevant t and Written Representations EA1N Appendix A - Offshore Ornithology	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	Consultation, actions, progression	status	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D2	Consultation, actions, progression	letatue	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D4	Consultation, actions, progression	Istatus	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
25	An increase of 6% above baseline mortality for great black-backed gull based on the largest Biologically Defined Minimum Population Scale (BDMPS) is significant.		The Applicant has updated cumulative and in-combination assessment. This will be submitted by the applicant and Deadline 1. We will provide further comment on this matter.		N/A		Please see our response at Deadline 2 [REP2-052].		Ongoing, awaiting updated Collision Risk document from the Applicant at Deadline 4.		The Applicant submitted an Offshore Ornithology Cumulative and In-Combination Collision Risk Update at Deadline 4. Overall, the updates presented do not alter Natural England's conclusions presented in our update on Offshore Ornithology submitted at Deadline 3 [REP3-117]. Please see NE Deadline 5 Appendix A16 for detailed comments.		Natural England has accepted the updated figures but maintain our concerns regarding the sigificant EIA impact.	
26	Natural England notes that it is suggested that using a nocturnal activity factor of 3 (50%) in collision risk modelling is likely to be an overestimate of nocturnal activity. We advise that a range between 25% and 50% are presented with the assessment.		The Applicant altered estimates following our Written Representations response on 27.01.20. An updated document will be submitted by the Applicant at Deadline 1. We will provide further comments on this matter.		N/A				Ongoing		No update		No update	
27	The Population Viability Analysis (PVA) model outputs predicted populations being up to 7.7% smaller using the density dependent model, and up to 21.5% smaller than the un-impacted scenario using density independent outputs based on an annual mortality of 900.		Workshop on 22.10.20 discussed this issues. Formal comments will be submitted by NE at Deadline 2. Further comments on this issue are in REP1-17 (Point 44).		N/A		Please see our Deadline 3 response Appendix A10.		Ongoing, awaiting updated Collision Risk document from the Applicant at Deadline 4.		The Applicant submitted an Offshore Ornithology Cumulative and In-Combination Collision Risk Update at Deadline 4. Overall, the updates presented do not alter Natural England's conclusions presented in our update on Offshore Ornithology submitted at Deadline 3 [REP3-117]. Please see NE Deadline 5 Appendix A16 for detailed comments.		Natural England has accepted the updated figures but maintain our concerns regarding the sigificant EIA impact.	



Poir	Taken from Natural England's Relevant t and Written Representations EA1N Appendix A - Offshore Ornithology	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	Consultation, actions, progression	actions,	RAG status D2	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D3	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D4	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D5	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
28	Natural England disagrees with the summary that concludes no greater than minor adverse significance for all species. At the end of Norfolk Vanguard we advised significant adverse effect at EIA for cumulative collision for gannet, kittiwake and great black-backed gull. Since then more birds have been added to these totals from Boreas, EA1N, EA2 and also Hornsea 4, and as a result our position remains unchanged.		Ongoing discussion.	N/A		Ongoing disagreement.		Ongoing		Natural England's conclusions presented in our update on Offshore Ornithology submitted at Deadline 3 [REP3-117].		No update	
29	For EIA we have been unable to rule out a significant adverse effect for cumulative operational impacts on:  • kittiwake, gannet and great blackbacked gull;  • guillemot, razorbill and red-throated diver  For HRA we have been unable to rule out adverse effect on integrity on:  • kittiwake from FFC SPA;  • guillemot and razorbill at FFC SPA;  • lesser black-backed gull from Alde-Ore Estuary SPA due to in-combination collision impacts;  • red-throated diver from Outer Thames Estuary SPA due to in-combination displacement effects.		At the SPA workshop 28.07.20 it was agreed the Applicants will update the RTD note. Document will be submitted by NE at Deadline 3. Workshop on 28.07.20 initiated an updated cumulative and in-combination assessment. This will be submitted by the Applicant and Deadline 1. Further comments on this issue are in REP1-17 (Point 46).	N/A		NE engaged in a workshop with the Applicant on 07.12.20. The considerable disparity between the Applicant's predicted levels of displacement within the windfarm from the modelling work, and the results from many empirical studies from the OTE SPA raises significant questions over the validity of the Applicant's modelling work. NE has advised that further information is provided. We are awaiting RTD note to be submitted by the Applicant at Deadline 3. In respect of the others species, the Applicant updated the cumulative and in-combination collision assessments at Deadline 1 (REP1-047). Please see our response at Deadline 2 [REP2-052].		Please see NE Deadline 4 Appendix A12 for detailed comments on red- throated diver displacement from OTE SPA. Furthermore, we are awaiting updated collision risk figures at Deadline 4 for all other species.		Our position remains the same as that set out in Appendix A12 REP4-087.		The Applicant submitted an updated document at Deadline 5 - Displacement of Red-throated Diver in the Outer Thames Estuary SPA [REP5-025]. Please see NE Deadline 6 Appendix A17 for detailed comments.	t '



Point	Taken from Natural England's Relevant and Written Representations EA1N Appendix A - Offshore Ornithology	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	Consultation, actions, progression	status	actions,	RAG status D2	Consultation, actions, progression	letatue	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D4	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D5	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
30	There is a reference made to supporting "joint industry projects or alternative site based monitoring of existing seabird activity inside the area(s) within the Order Limits in which it is proposed to carry out construction works with its potential wider benefits." It is not clear what is being proposed or what the mechanism is to ensure that appropriate monitoring is undertaken. We recommend that the most significant area or areas of ornithological uncertainty is identified, and an inprinciple monitoring plan is agreed.		Ongoing discussions - NE notes there will be an updated in principle monitoring plan submitted by the Applicant at Deadline 3.		N/A				Natural England will submit comments on the IPMP at Deadline 5.		The Applicant submitted an IPMP at Deadline 3, please see NE Deadline 5 Appendix F8 for detailed comments.		Natural England are awaiting an updated IPMP at Deadline 6.	
31	NE welcomes the statement in the IPMP that the Applicant will engage with stakeholders and that the methodology would be developed through the OMP. We agree with the Applicant that the aims of monitoring should be to reduce uncertainty for future impact assessment and address knowledge gaps. However, we disagree with the Applicant's assertion that displacement effects on RTD would not create impacts of more than minor adverse significance during any biological season during construction and operation phases. Validating the extent of RTD displacement will be the main priority for any post-consent monitoring. We also disagrees that the risk to birds from cumulative collisions with wind turbines across all windfarms considered is assessed as no greater than minor adverse significance for all species.		Ongoing discussions - NE notes there will be an updated in principle monitoring plan submitted by the Applicant at Deadline 3. Further comments on this issue are in REP1-17 (Point 47).		N/A		NE are awaiting an update from the Applicant at Deadline 3.		Natural England will submit comments on the IPMP at Deadline 5.		The Applicant submitted an IPMP at Deadline 3, please see NE Deadline 5 Appendix F8 for detailed comments.		Natural England are awaiting an updated IPMP at Deadline 6.	



Poin	Taken from Natural England's Relevant and Written Representations EA1N Appendix A - Offshore Ornithology	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	Consultation, actions, progression	status	-	RAG status D2	IConsultation actions	Istatus	Consultation, actions,	RAG status D4	Consultation, actions,	RAG status D5	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
Adde	d since Relevant Reps submission:													
32	In our Relevant and Written Representations, Natural England raised the issue of the potential in-combination impacts from EA1N and EA2 on lesser black-backed gull LBBG from the Alde-Ore Estuary SPA from collision.		Further comments on this issue are in REP1-170 Deadline 1.		N/A		Please see our response at Deadline 2 [REP2-052].		Ongoing		The Applicant submitted an Offshore Ornithology Cumulative and In-Combination Collision Risk Update at Deadline 4. Overall, the updates presented do not alter Natural England's conclusions presented in our update on Offshore Ornithology submitted at Deadline 3 [REP3-117].		No update	



Poin	Taken from Natural England's Relevant and Written Representations EA1N Appendix B - Marine Mammals	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	IConcultation actions	status		RAG status D2	Consultation, actions, progression	Istatus	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D4	Consultation, actions, progression	Istatus	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
Docu	ment Used: 6.1.11 EA1N Environmental Sta	tement (	Chapter 11 Marine Mammal	S										_
1	The phrases 'same day' and '24 hour period' are used interchangeably throughout the marine mammal chapter and associated documentation when they are not the same thing. If this follows through to the assessment stage Natural England considers a clarification note may be required as to the intended wording and any consequences for either the EIA or HRA.		The Applicant has explained this issue in AS-036. This issue has been resolved.											
Docu	ment Used: 5.3 EA1N Information to Suppo	rt Appro					<u>.</u>		I					
2	Natural England welcomes the commitments from the Applicant listed here and considers they should be specifically conditioned on the face of the deemed marine licence (DML), particularly to ensure there is no concurrent piling between EA1N and EA2.		There is ongoing discussions on this matter. More comments on this matter can be seen in REP1-155 (Point 11) and REP1-166.		N/A		Discussion ongoing.		Discussion ongoing		Discussion ongoing		Natural England are awaiting updated conditions.	
3	The Applicant has stated that disturbance of harbour porpoise will not exceed 20% of the seasonal component of the site at any one time, however, the 20% threshold is for disturbance of harbour porpoise in any given day. Detonation of 2 unexploded ordnance (UXO) in a 24 hour period could exceed the 20% threshold and disturb harbour porpoise from up to 32% of the winter area of the site. NE disagrees with the conclusion drawn that there is no significant disturbance or potential adverse effect on the SNS SAC if more than 1 UXO is detonated on any given day. Natural England considers that UXO High order detonations and impact piling events should be limited to 1 across both projects on any given day and this should be secured in the DMLs through condition.				N/A		Discussion ongoing.		Discussion ongoing		Awaiting applicant to submit draft conditions.		Natural England are awaiting updated conditions.	



Point	and Written Representations EA1N Appendix B - Marine Mammals	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D1	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D2	Consultation, actions, progression	Istatus	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D4	Consultation, actions, progression	Istatus	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
4	One piling event disturbs harbour porpoise from 16% of the winter component of the Southern North Sea and 2 piling events on any given day will result in up to 32% of the SAC winter area being disturbed, therefore exceeding the 20% threshold. Natural England's views are the same as above.				N/A		Discussion ongoing.		Discussion ongoing		Awaiting applicant to submit draft conditions.		Natural England are awaiting updated conditions.	
5	As per previous comments, if 1 UXO detonation and 1 piling event were to occur on the same given day as described in paragraph 626, the area of the winter component of the SNS SAC that harbour porpoise would be disturbed from would exceed the 20% threshold.				N/A		Discussion ongoing.		Discussion ongoing		Awaiting applicant to submit draft conditions.		Awaiting updated conditions	
Docu	ment Used: 8.17 EA1N In-principle Souther	n North S	Sea SAC Site Integrity Plan											
6	Natural England welcomes the commitments from the Applicant listed here and considers they should be specifically conditioned on the face of the DML, particularly to ensure there is no concurrent piling between EA1N and EA2.				N/A		Discussion ongoing.		Discussion ongoing		Awaiting applicant to submit draft conditions.		Natural England are awaiting updated conditions.	
7	A mechanism needs to be developed by the regulators to ensure continuing adherence to the statutory nature conservation bodies (SNCB) thresholds over time. Should potential exceedance of the thresholds occur, a process for dealing with this issue needs to be in place – the affected developers will need to work together with the regulator and SNCBs to prevent adverse effect on the Southern North Sea (SNS SAC). Until the mechanism is developed, Natural England are unable to advise that this approach is sufficient to address the in-combination impacts described below and therefore the risk of Adverse Effect on Integrity (AEOI) on the SNS SAC cannot be fully ruled out.													



Point	Taken from Natural England's Relevant and Written Representations EA1N Appendix B - Marine Mammals	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D1	actions,	Istatus	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D3	nrogression	RAG status D4	Consultation, actions, progression	Istatus	Consultation, actions,	RAG status D6
8	NEW ISSUE AT DEADLINE 3: At Deadline 1 the applicant submitted a Marine Mammal Addendum. NE has noted within this is an intention to use the Site Integrity Plan to mitigate project Alone effects. Natural England does not agree with this approach, the use of a SIP and the need to reassess post consent is limited to In-Combination effects due to the inability to control in-combination elements. However, project alone impacts can and should be fully assessed and the appropriate mitigation secured within the DML. For further detail see NE Deadline 3 REP3-118.						Applicant to respond to NE concerns.		NE notes that some wording regarding project alone effects within the SIP has been altered but not tracked, which may have significant implications please see NE Deadline 4 Appendix B3 for detailed comments.		NE are awaiting an updated SIP following the comments we provided at Deadline 4.		NE are awaiting an updated SIP at Deadline 7.	
9	The MMMP is a mitigation plan and not a monitoring plan. Natural England have concerns as to why the MMMP is used as a monitoring plan in the IPMP? This does not fit in with the IPMP framework.										Applicant to respond to NE concerns.		NE are awaiting an updated MMMP at Deadline 7.	



	Taken from Natural England's Relevant and Written Representations EA1N Appendix C - Terrestrial Ecology	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	progression	RAG status D1	actions,	RAG status D2	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D3	IConsultation actions	RAG status D4	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D5	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
Docur	nent used: 5.3 EA1N Information to Suppo	rt the Ap	•	rt										
	If an open cut trench method is selected		The Applicant provided a		N/A		Please see NE Deadline 2		Issue Ongoing - see		Issue Ongoing - see		No update	
	habitat restoration should be		response to NE on				submission REP2-054.		Natural England Response		Natural England Update			
	implemented to compensate and		29.09.20 to state						Appendix C6 [REP4-092]		Appendix C7 At Deadline 5			
	improve supporting habitat lost. Any		biodiversity Net Gain is						at Deadline 4.					
	scrub removed should be reinstated by		not a policy requirement											
	planting hawthorn and blackthorn. Areas		for NSIPs. However NE											
	of acid grassland should be created as		understands the											
	heathland by ensuring that soil removed		Applicants will submit an											
	is appropriately stored, reinstated and		Ecological Enhancement											
	capped with sandy topsoil. Locally		Clarification note at											
	sourced heather seed should be sown		Deadline 1 which we will											
	across the restoration area to recreate		respond to.											
	pioneer heath. The Applicant should													
1	provide information on the areas to be													
	restored and methodology including													
	timescales and species.													
	The applicant should consider													
	opportunities for net gain in improving													
	and extending relevant and supporting													
	habitats. We recommend consultation													
	with the landowner and RSPB is sought													
	regarding restoration works and net gain													
	opportunity.													



Point	Taken from Natural England's Relevant and Written Representations EA1N Appendix C - Terrestrial Ecology	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	Consultation, actions,	status	actions,	Istatus	IConsultation actions	letatue	Consultation, actions,	Istatus	Inrograccion	letatue	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
	Natural England reiterate the preference		The Applicant provided a		N/A		The Applicant submitted a		The Applicant has advised		Issue Ongoing - Although		No update	
	for HDD under the Sandlings SPA to avoid		draft SPA crossing method				SPA Crossing Method		in response at Deadline 3		NE default position			
	supporting habitat loss, which will take		statement to NE on				Statement at Deadline 1		[REP3-070] that an		remains unchanged, NE			
	some time to return to its previous		15.09.20. NE responded				[REP1-043], we responded		updated SPA Crossing		acknowledge the			
	condition. Should HDD be used, sufficient		on 07.10.20 and advised				at Deadline 2 [REP2-053].		Method Statement will be		Applicants preference for			
	detail on methodology and safeguards to		that suitable mitigation						provided into		an open trench SPA			
	prevent a drilling mud outbreak should		measures can be adopted						Examination.		crossing method. See			
	be produced. Should a bentonite		to minimise the impacts								Natural England update in			
	outbreak occur the HDD document		of open cut trenching to								Appendix C7 At Deadline			
	should specify that Natural England will		an acceptable level.								5. We await further			
	be contacted within 24hours and prior to		However, there are								submission form the			
	the commencement of any clean-up		remaining concerns that								Applicant into			
2	operations, as the clean-up may on		we believe should be								Examination.			
	occasion be more damaging than the		addressed in the consent											
	outbreak. We advise that an outline		phase in order to support								We wait to see the			
	bentonite frackout document should be		the open trenching								Applicant's response to			
	provided during examination for each of		technique. Further								our advised requirements			
	the HDD locations.		comments on this issue								for taking forward an			
			can be found in REP1-165								open cut trench			
			and REP1-153.								methodology			



Point	Taken from Natural England's Relevant and Written Representations EA1N Appendix C - Terrestrial Ecology	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	Consultation, actions, progression	status	actions,	Istatus	Consultation, actions, progression	Istatus	consultation, actions,	RAG status D4	Consultation, actions, progression	Istatus	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
3	Ment used: 5.4 EA1N Consents and Licences Natural England advises that should altered/new proposals be planned within a Site of Scientific Interest (SSSI), which are not currently considered as part of the DCO and Application then an assent may be required under the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended) from Natural England.		This has been noted by the Applicant [AS-036].											
4	ment used: 6.1.22 EA1N Environmental State Consideration should be given to Leiston to Aldeburgh SSSI and coastal vegetated shingle in the case of a bentonite or drilling mud outbreak. Information should be provided on engineering design, depth and break out contingencies. This should be provided in the form of outline plan and secured in the DCO/DML		Natural England has provided advice under our discretionary advice service (DAS) to applicant on the Outline Landfall Construction Method Statement. Further comments on this issue can be found in NE Deadline 1 Appendix C2. NE are satisfied with the detail provided regarding bentonite breakout.											
5	We advise that all nationally protected species, are considered of at least moderate importance.		The Applicant discovered an error and have informed Natural England that a review of impacts on misclassified species is being produced within a clarification note which will be submitted as early as possible during the examination.				Please see REP2-055.							



Poin	Taken from Natural England's Relevant and Written Representations EA1N Appendix C - Terrestrial Ecology	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	Consultation, actions, progression	actions,	RAG status D2	Consultation, actions, progression	letatue		letatue	Consultation, actions, progression	letatue	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
6	Within the Leiston to Aldeburgh SSSI the variety of water bodies and terrestrial habitats provides suitable breeding and hunting areas for many species of dragonfly and damselfly, including the nationally scarce hairy dragonfly Brachytron pratense. We advise consideration of this species, as previously requested in Natural England's advice letter dated the 26th March 2019.		The Applicant committed to undertaking an assessment of impacts upon hairy dragonfly to be submitted and agreed as a clarification note. This will be submitted by the Applicant during examination and we will provide our formal comments at that time.	N/A		Please see REP2-055.		Natural England consider an updated habitat survey prior to works will ensure there has been no change to the habitat. NE suggest bankside flora is introduced that will support this species when the habitat is reinstated. See Appendix C6, Deadline 4 NE response to Applicants comments on REP2-055.		See Natural England Update Appendix C7 At Deadline 5. Given the updated information concerning suitable habitat at the Hundred River Crossing, the pre- construction survey of the whole onshore development area will need to include an assessment of the suitability of the habitat for hairy dragonfly.		No update	
7	The impact on coastal habitat from bentonite and drilling mud break outs should be considered.		Natural England has provided advice under our discretionary advice service (DAS) to applicant on the Outline Landfall Construction Method Statement. Further comments on this issue can be found in REP1-163. NE are satisfied with the detail provided regarding bentonite breakout.										



Point	Taken from Natural England's Relevant and Written Representations EA1N Appendix C - Terrestrial Ecology	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	Consultation, actions, progression	status	actions,	RAG status D2	Consultation, actions, progression	Istatus		RAG status D4	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D5	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
8	The Hundred River feeds into Sandlings SPA and we expect to see an assessment of alternatives to include HDD under this water course and impacts outlined. We welcome the commitment to reinstate and improve habitats.		NE continue to advise the Applicant that the HDD method to cross the Hundred River would be favourable. The Applicants are preparing further information on this issue as they claim HDD is not feasible due to space constraints.		N/A		Ongoing disagreement.		Ongoing Disagreement. The Applicant submitted an Outline Watercourse Crossing Method Statement [REP3-048], please see Natural England's Deadline 4 submission Appendix C6.		Ongoing Disagreement - see Natural England Update Appendix C7 At Deadline 5. There is an area of deciduous woodland, which is Priority Habitat, adjacent to the Hundred river crossing. NE request this habitat is assessed and added to all relevant documentation.		Natural England are awaiting an updated Watercourse Crossing Method Statemend at Deadline 6.	
9	Any works that directly impact upon badgers should be subject to mitigation, compensation and/or a protected species license from Natural England to avoid an offence under the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended). We refer to the Planning Inspectorates advice note 11 which advises early engagement with Natural England. We advise that an outline plan is provided.		The Applicant has agreed to submit an Ecological Management Plan which we will review once submitted into examination. We also recommended that the Applicant applies for Protected Species Licenses as early as possible.		N/A		NE require the (Ecological Management Plan) EMP during examination to progress with this issue.		The Applicant has submitted an Outline Landscape and Ecological Management Strategy at Deadline 3 [REP3-030 and REP3-031], this includes an EMP. Natural England will respond to this document at Deadline 5.		NE reviewed the plan OLEMS plan (REP3-030 and 031] - see Natural England Update Appendix C7 At Deadline 5. NE remind the Applicant that known badger setts are likely to be known and therefore should be able to be avoided. NE may have further comments following submission of		Natural England are awaiting an updated OLEMS at Deadline 6.	
10	Mitigation should include micro-siting of cable route to avoid badger setts, and mitigation and compensation as outlined within Natural England standing advice. This should all be included in an outline plan during examination.		The Applicant has stated [AS-036] that the Ecological Management Plan will include provisions for badger mitigation.		N/A						the EMP and pre- construction surveys. NE are not yet aware that the Applicant has applied for a draft protected species license to receive a LONI.		Natural England are awaiting an updated OLEMS at Deadline 6.	



Point	Taken from Natural England's Relevant and Written Representations EA1N Appendix C - Terrestrial Ecology	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	Consultation, actions, progression	status	actions,	RAG status D2	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D3	Inrogression	RAG status D4	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D5	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
11	We welcome the mitigation prescribed for bats in principal, but advise that potential impacts to bat habitat should be clearly mapped with roosting, foraging and commuting areas shown in relation to the redline boundary. As consistent with Natural England's previous advice letter the 26th March 2019. The Applicant should also consider any in combination impacts with proposed development at Sizewell C and any other foreseeable plans or projects. This should be provided as an outline plan as part of the examination.		In REP1-165, NE notes that the Applicant agreed, through the SoCG process, to undertake an assessment of cumulative impacts with the Sizewell C project. NE has also requested to review the EMP and would welcome further consultation on any outline EMP during examination.  Subsequently, the Applicant has further stated (written comments on NE comments to applicant comments on NE RR received 23.09.20) that additional terrestrial assessment of cumulative impacts with Sizewell C is not required. as noted in Procedural Deadline 18 submitted to ExA on 13-Aug-2020. NE will advise when further information is received.		N/A				The Applicant has submitted an Outline Landscape and Ecological Management Strategy at Deadline 3 [REP3-030 and REP3-31], this includes an EMP. Natural England will respond to this document at Deadline 5.		NE reviewed the OLEMS plan (REP3-030 and 031] - see Natural England Update Appendix C7 At Deadline 5. NE may have further comments following submission of the EMP and preconstruction surveys.  NE acknowledge the Applicants view that cumulative impacts should be fully assessed by the Sizewell examination. However should the DCO changes be confirmed in the near future, OR the examination period be extended then the Applicant should take account of the in combination impacts with Sizewell C.		Natural England are awaiting an updated OLEMS at Deadline 6.	
12	Any works that directly impact upon great crested newts should be subject to mitigation, compensation and/or a protected species license from Natural England to avoid an offence under the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended). We refer to the Planning Inspectorates advice note 11 which advises early engagement with Natural England. Natural England advises that the Applicant approaches us for a Letter of No Impediment (LONI) as early as possible.		The Applicant will engage with NE for a LONI and we have requested the applicant submit an Ecological Management Plan (EMP) for review.		N/A		NE require the (Ecological Management Plan) EMP during examination to progress with this issue.		The Applicant has submitted an Outline Landscape and Ecological Management Strategy at Deadline 3 [REP3-030 and REP3-31], this includes an EMP. Natural England will respond to this document at Deadline 5.		Issue Ongoing - see Natural England Update Appendix C7 At Deadline 5		Natural England are awaiting an updated OLEMS at Deadline 6.	



Point	and Written Representations EA1N Appendix C - Terrestrial Ecology	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	IConcultation actions	status	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D2	consultation, actions,	RAG status D3	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D4	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D5	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
13	The Environmental Statement confirms suitable habitat within the vicinity of works and highlights the possibility of killing or injuring reptiles as a risk during construction. Natural England advises that reptile surveys are completed prior to construction to quantify potential impacts and to finalise mitigation works. Reptile mitigation should ensure that there is no net loss of local reptile conservation status, by providing sufficient quality, quantity and connectivity of habitat to accommodate the reptile population in the long term, either on site or at an alternative site nearby. We advise that an outline plan is provided as part of the examination.		Natural England has advised the applicant that we would welcome further consultation on any outline EMP during examination.		N/A				The Applicant has submitted an Outline Landscape and Ecological Management Strategy at Deadline 3 [REP3-030 and REP3-31], this includes an EMP. Natural England will respond to this document at Deadline 5.		NE reviewed the plan OLEMS plan (REP3-030 and 031] - see Natural England Update Appendix C7 At Deadline 5. NE may have further comments following submission of the EMP and preconstruction surveys.		Natural England are awaiting an updated OLEMS at Deadline 6.	
Docu 14	The open cut trench method of cable installation will result in the temporary loss of supporting habitat, including the breeding sites of turtle dove which are features of interest for Leiston to Aldeburgh SSSI. We understand that any habitat removed during the period of works will be reinstated, however there is a risk that the required mitigation will not be sufficiently established to provide suitable nesting habitat for the following breeding season. Natural England advises that the 3ha of compensatory turtle dove feeding habitat to be provided should be in place in advance of works.  We understand that an HDD technique will avoid the loss of designated habitat and on this basis Natural England expresses a preference for an HDD method.		Chapter 23 Onshore Ornithon NE and interested parties held a workshop on 16.07.20. NE has provided DAS advice to the applicant on an outline SPA Crossing Method Statement (written advice 07.10.20) on these issues. Further comments on this issue can be found in REP1-153.		N/A		The Applicant submitted a SPA Crossing Method Statement at Deadline 1 [REP1-043], we responded at Deadline 2 [REP2-053].		The Applicants advised in response at Deadline 3 [REP3-070] that an updated SPA Crossing Method Statement will be provided into Examination.		Issue Ongoing - see Natural England Update Appendix C7 At Deadline 5		Natural England are awaiting an updated SPA Crossing Method Statement at Deadline 6.	



Poir	Taken from Natural England's Relevant t and Written Representations EA1N Appendix C - Terrestrial Ecology	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	Consultation, actions, progression	actions,	RAG status D2	Consultation, actions, progression	letatue	Inrogression	RAG status D4	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D5	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
15	The open cut trench method of cable installation will result in the temporary loss of designated and supporting habitat, including the breeding sites of nightingale which is cited as a feature of interest for Leiston to Aldeburgh SSSI. To mitigate impacts, the Applicant proposes the provision of nesting sites for nightingale will be delivered through habitat management within and on the outskirts of the designated sites and in line with BTO habitat management guidelines. This mitigation method will need to be secured in the DCO and clearly set out in an outline habitat management/mitigation plan as there is the potential for the works themselves to be damaging to the designated sites. We advise that any scrub removal is restored with hawthorn and blackthorn.		NE and interested parties held a workshop on 16.07.20. NE has provided DAS advice to the applicant on an outline SPA Crossing Method Statement (written advice 07.10.20) on these issues. Further comments on this issue can be found in REP1-153.	N/A				The Applicants advised in response at Deadline 3 [REP3-070] that an updated SPA Crossing Method Statement will be provided into Examination.		Issue Ongoing - Although NE default position remains unchanged, NE acknowledge the Applicants preference for an open trench SPA crossing method. See Natural England update in Appendix C7 At Deadline 5. We await further submission form the Applicant into Examination.  We wait to see the Applicant's response to our advised requirements for taking forward an open cut trench methodology		Natural England are awaiting an updated SPA Crossing Method Statement at Deadline 6.	
16	We welcome the inclusion of barn owl mitigation and the commitment to consult with the Suffolk Community Barn Owl Project. We advise that any compensatory habitat is provided in appropriate timescales. NE should be consulted on any mitigation in a designated site. This will need to be secured in the DCO and included in an outline management plan.		Natural England has advised the applicant that we would welcome further consultation on any outline EMP during examination.	N/A				The Applicant has submitted an Outline Landscape and Ecological Management Strategy at Deadline 3 [REP3-030 and REP3-31], this includes an EMP. Natural England will respond to this document at Deadline 5.		NE reviewed the OLEMS plan (REP3-030 and 031] - see Natural England Update Appendix C7 At Deadline 5. NE may have further comments following submission of the EMP and preconstruction surveys.		Natural England are awaiting an updated OLEMS at Deadline 6.	



Poin	Taken from Natural England's Relevant and Written Representations EA1N Appendix C - Terrestrial Ecology	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D1	actions,	RAG status D2	Consultation, actions, progression	Istatus	Consultation, actions,	RAG status D4	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D5	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
17	We agree with the necessity of preconstruction surveys prior to any works taking place. If active nests are found, it should be noted that all wild birds, their nests and eggs are afforded legal protection under the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended), and therefore works in the vicinity of the nest may have to be delayed until any chicks have fledged. Or site preparation works need to be agreed upfront with relevant authorities in consultation with Natural England to be locations temporarily unsuitable for nesting.  If exclusion or buffer zones are proposed, the size of the exclusion zone should be well researched to reflect the disturbance tolerance level of the species identified and be of a sufficient distance to prevent disturbance (noise, visual and vibration) to nesting birds.		Natural England has advised the applicant that we would welcome further consultation on any outline EMP during examination.		N/A		NE require the (Ecological Management Plan) EMP during examination to progress with this issue.		The Applicant has submitted an Outline Landscape and Ecological Management Strategy at Deadline 3 [REP3-030 and REP3-31], this includes an EMP. Natural England will respond to this document at Deadline 5.		Issue Ongoing - See Appendix C7 at Deadline 5. NE consider text regarding avoidance of breeding season should be more robust. NE require justification of 5m as the buffer.		Natural England are awaiting an updated OLEMS at Deadline 6.	



		RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	progression	RAG status D1	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D2	Consultation, actions, progression	letatue	consultation, actions,	RAG status D4	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D5	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
Docu 18	Monitoring: Natural England notes that detail on monitoring plans is currently lacking and advises that a commitment to post-construction monitoring is made, in particular in the following cases:  • 1 year post-completion of turf stripped and grassland areas which have been removed to assess that natural colonisation or reseeding has been successful, and whether additional mitigation works may be required  • Following re-instatement of habitats (see Ref 5.12 in Onshore Schedule of Mitigation), in particular if open cut trenching is used.  • 7 years monitoring of hedgerows or until the hedgerows have recovered.		The Applicant submitted a draft SPA crossing method statement to NE on 15.09.20. Further comments on this issue can be found in REP1-153.		N/A		The Applicant submitted a SPA Crossing Method Statement at Deadline 1 [REP1-043], we responded at Deadline 2 [REP2-053].		The Applicant has submitted an Outline Landscape and Ecological Management Strategy at Deadline 3 [REP3-030 and REP3-31]. this includes an EMP. Natural England will respond to this document at Deadline 5.		Issue Ongoing - see Natural England Update Appendix C7 At Deadline 5		Natural England are awaiting an updated OLEMS at Deadline 6.	
19	Natural England welcomes the preparation of a project specific Pollution Prevention and Response Plan and advises that we are consulted within 24 hours should there be a pollution incident within or in proximity to a designated site. We also advise that SNCBs, including Natural England are listed as consultees. This should be agreed in outline as part of the examination.		The Applicant has noted [AS-036] that they will consult NE within 24 hours of an incident being detected. This matter is closed.		N/A									
20	Natural England welcomes the preparation of a project specific Noise and Vibration Management Plan. We also advise that SNCBs, including Natural England are listed as consultees. This should be agreed in outline as part of the examination.		The Applicant has noted [AS-036] that they will consult NE during preparation of the Noise and Vibration Management Plan. This matter is closed.		N/A									



Point	Taken from Natural England's Relevant and Written Representations EA1N Appendix C - Terrestrial Ecology	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D1	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D2	Consultation, actions, progression	Istatus	Inrogression	RAG status D4	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D5	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
21	Natural England supports the seasonal restriction of construction works (outside of the breeding bird season; 1st February to 31st August for woodlark and 1st of April to 31st August for nightjar) within the boundary, or 200m outside of the Sandlings SPA to prevent damage or disturbance to designated features of interest.  This should be included as a condition in the DCO and COCP. Natural England request consultation on the COCP and suggest that the relevant conservation bodies are included within the document to ensure contact details are accessible if and when required.		The Applicant submitted a draft SPA crossing method statement to NE on 15.09.20. Further comments on this issue can be found in REP1-153.		N/A		The Applicant submitted a SPA Crossing Method Statement at Deadline 1 [REP1-043], we responded at Deadline 2 [REP2-053].		The Applicant advised in response at Deadline 3 [REP3-070] that an updated SPA Crossing Method Statement will be provided into Examination to provide information to ensure there is sufficient information regarding seasonal bird breeding restrictions.		Ongoing: Natural England have provided further update on the SPA crossing method statement - see Appendix C7 Deadline 5 and await further update from the Applicant.		Natural England are awaiting an updated SPA Crossing Method Statement at Deadline 6.	
22	We agree with the necessity of preconstruction surveys prior to any works taking place. If active nests are found, it should be noted that all wild birds, their nests and eggs are afforded legal protection under the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended), and therefore works in the vicinity of the nest may have to be delayed until any chicks have fledged. Or site preparation works need to be agreed upfront with relevant authorities in consultation with Natural England to be locations temporarily unsuitable for nesting. If exclusion or buffer zones are proposed, the size of the exclusion zone should be well researched to reflect the disturbance tolerance level of the species identified and be of a sufficient distance to prevent disturbance to nesting birds.		We note through written communications [AS-036] the applicant is proposing to update the EMP to reflect mitigation proposed for nesting birds . We will provide further advice once EMP submitted into examination.		N/A		NE require the (Ecological Management Plan) EMP during examination to progress with this issue.		The Applicant has submitted an Outline Landscape and Ecological Management Strategy at Deadline 3 [REP3-030 and REP3-031], this includes an EMP. Natural England will respond to this document at Deadline 5.		Note this point is repeated in error from point 17 above and therefore obsolete.			



Poi	Taken from Natural England's Relevant and Written Representations EA1N Appendix C - Terrestrial Ecology	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	Consultation, actions,	status	actions,	RAG status D2	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D3	Consultation, actions, progression	Istatus	Consultation, actions, progression	Istatus	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
23	Natural England welcomes the mitigation prescribed for woodland, scrub and trees and encourage the Applicant to incorporate net gain into their strategy. We support the commitment to an aftercare period for all newly planted hedgerow, shelterbelts and woodlands. A Hedgerow Mitigation Plan should be developed in consultation with Natural England prior to the removal of hedgerows. This mitigation plan should be included within Ecological Management Plan, Landscape Management Plan or OLEMS as appropriate.		Natural England continues to recommend that Net Gain is incorporated where possible as an example of best practice so that NSIP projects leave a lasting legacy within the landscape. The Applicant provided a response to NE on 07.10.20 to state biodiversity Net Gain is not a policy requirement for NSIPs. However NE understands the Applicants will submit an Ecological Enhancement Clarification note at Deadline 1 which we will respond to at Deadline 2.		N/A		The Applicant submitted an Ecological Enhancement Clarification Note at Deadline 1 [REP1-035]. NE responded at Deadline 2 [REP2-054].		Ongoing. Please see NE Deadline 4 submission Appendix C6. NE also note the Applicant has submitted an Outline Landscape and Ecological Management Strategy at Deadline 3 [REP3-030 and REP3-031]. This includes an EMP. Natural England will respond to this document at Deadline 5. Natural England welcomes the inclusion of the Important Hedgerows and Tree Preservation Order Plan submitted by the Applicant at Deadline 3 [REP3-010].		Natural England welcomes the inclusion of hedgerow mitigation on the OLEMS document at Deadline 3 [REP3-030 and REP3-031]. Natural England acknowledges there is no formal requirement for net gain with NSIP applications but encourage the Applicant to seek opportunities for enhancement and ecological connectivity. Please see Appendix C7			
24	Natural England requests that Statutory Nature Conservation Bodies (SNCBs) including Natural England are consulted on the Ecological Management Plan.		The Applicant has advised NE that EMP must be submitted and approved by the planning authority in consultation with the relevant SNCB before any onshore works can commence. NE advises this should be secured in the DCO before this is agreed.		N/A		NE require the (Ecological Management Plan) EMP during examination to progress with this issue.		The Applicant has submitted an Outline Landscape and Ecological Management Strategy at Deadline 3 [REP3-030 and REP3-031], this includes an EMP. Natural England will respond to this document at Deadline 5.		Natural England were consulted on the OLEMS [REP3-030 and REP3-031], See Appendix C7, Deadline 5. Natural England wish to be added as a SNCB consultee to the final EMP.		Natural England are awaiting an updated OLEMS at Deadline 6.	



Point	Taken from Natural England's Relevant and Written Representations EA1N Appendix C - Terrestrial Ecology	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D1	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D2	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D3	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D4	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D5	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
	Added since Relevant Reps submission: Added after SoCG meeting with Applicant		SoCG to be submitted at		N/A		NE have been informed		The Applicant submitted		Ongoing Disagreement -		Natural England are	
25	19/02/2020: Applicant confirmed that HDD will not be used as a method of cable laying to cross the Hundred River. Natural England raised concerns about potential impacts to Sandlings SPA if an open trenching method is used. Reasons that HDD is not possible should be clearly provided in examination and if open trenching is used, the impacts of the trenching also need to be fully assessed, particularly in relation to water quality effects on the Sandlings SPA and protected species. Any mitigation and restorations required should be submitted. Outline plans should be provided to support consent and we request consultation on all documents associated with cables crossing the Hundred River well in advance of preconstruction surveys and works. This should be included as a condition in the DCO.		Deadline 1. See response to ExA question 1.2.67. Further comments on this issue can be found in REP1-165.				the Applicant will submit an Outline Watercourse Crossing Method Statement at Deadline 3.		an Outline Watercourse Crossing Method Statement [REP3-048] at Deadline 3. Natural England's position remains unchanged as there is not enough detail provided to demonstrate that there won't be an impact to designated sites. Please see NE Deadline 4 Appendix C6 for further comments.		see Natural England Update Appendix C7 At Deadline 5. There is an area of deciduous woodland, which is Priority Habitat, adjacent to the Hundred river crossing. NE request this habitat is assessed and added to all relevant documentation.		awaiting an updated Outline Watercourse Crossing Method Statement at Deadline 6.	
26	NEW ISSUE AT DEADLINE 5. After the submission of the EA1N/EA2 applications the area of woodland on the west side bank adjacent to the proposed Hundred River crossing location has been identified, as priority deciduous woodland, but MAGIC.gov.uk doesn't differentiate between the different types of priority deciduous woodland. If this is wet woodland it is a priority habitat under the UK biodiversity Action Plan (UK BAP) which are considered the habitats that are most threatened and requiring conservation. Therefore, Natural England would advise that mitigation measures are required to avoid impacts to this woodland.										Applicant to respond to NE concerns.		No update	



	and Written Representations EA1N Appendix D - Landscape and Visual Impact Assessment (LVIA) – Terrestrial aspects of the project	WK Rep	progression	status D1	actions, progression	RAG status D2	Consultation, actions, progression	letatue	Consultation, actions,	RAG status D4	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D5	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
Docu	ment Used: 6.1.29 EA1N Environmental Sta	atement (		isual Im/	pact Assessment									
1	Vital mitigation measure is for the onshore cabling to be installed for both simultaneously and not sequentially. The Applicant discusses some ducting possibly being installed to accommodate both schemes when one is being constructed. The AONB justifies the most effective mitigation being applied i.e. both onshore cabling stages to be completed together and the landscape fully restored as soon as possible.	,	30th July Multi-party Workshop. Natural England continues to advise significant adverse effect on the AONB because of technical bidding and contractual issue between applicant and government and suggest applicant approaches govt to advise of this (REP1-154). Discussion Ongoing.		N/A		Resolved. NE welcomes the information within the Project Update Note [REP2-007] submitted by the Applicant at D2 that simultaneous installation of the cable infrastructure for both the EA1N and EA2 projects when the first of the two proceeds will significantly lessen and landscape or ecological impact.							
2	NE would like to see an anticipated timetable / schedule for how construction activities would progress along the cable route within and in the immediate setting of the AONB, what construction consolidation sites and associated or other construction infrastructure and equipment would be present and how long after commencement all signs of active construction activity would be removed from the AONB. This information would complement the stated expectation that the landfall construction site and infrastructure for each scheme being present for twenty months.		Natural England has liaised with the Applicant on this matter, this is outlined in REP1-154. NE notes no commitment from applicant to an anticipated timetable/construction activities schedule - this would be made post consent. Therefore the actual impact of the construction phase on the AONB is likely to be more difficult to assess. Could consideration be given to undertaking key elements at the same time such as ducting for both projects especially at designated sites including landscape.		N/A		No further update. Issue Ongoing.		N/A		N/A		N/A	



Point	and Written Representations EA1N Appendix D - Landscape and Visual Impact Assessment (LVIA) – Terrestrial	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	Consultation, actions.	status	actions,	RAG status D2	Consultation, actions, progression	Istatus	Consultation, actions, progression	Istatus	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D5	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
	NE welcomes the assessment of		30th July Multi-party		NE welcomes		Following review of the		N/A		There has been significant		Following Vanguard	
	cumulative impacts of the EA1N and EA2		Workshop - The Applicant		the Ecological		applicants assessment of				post-submission changes		decision recommended	
	OWFs with the construction and		noted that the		Enhancement		cumulative impacts at D2				to the Sizewell DCO, the		consideration of an	
	operational phases of Sizewell C. In		reinstatement		Note at D1		[APP-077], NE note that				Applicant should fully		updated assessment for	
	addition to the outlined mitigation to		methodology is within the		[REP1-035]		significant adverse				assess these. As noted in		Sizewell, specifically the	
	reinstate the landscape character and		code of construction		however		cumulative construction				the Cover Letter, Natural		new jetty. See Deadline 6	
	special qualities of the AONB post-		practice. NE notes the		further		phase effects on the				England's position could		cover letter.	
	construction, Natural England advises		Applicant will submit		information on		AONB are still identified.				change if the details of			
	that all parties consider landscape		information on		the		EDF Energy have now				the Sizewell post-DCO			
	enhancement/net gain opportunities		cumulative impacts with		enhancement		issued for consultation a				changes are confirmed.			
	within the AONB. We advise that there is		Sizewell C during		measures		set of proposed changes				There is growing			
3	an agreement put in place on how this		examination. As outlined		needs to be		to the DCO for Sizewell C				cumulative pressures and			
	could be achieved with the AONB		in REP1-154, there is no		provided at the		which may produce a				impacts on this stretch of			
	partnership in consultation with Natural		policy for Net Gain.		time of		significant cumulative				Heritage Coast and			
	England and others.		Subsequently the		consent.		effect with EA1 North and				narrow neck of the AONB			
			Applicant notified NE that				EA2.				from both of these			
			an Ecological								schemes and other			
			Enhancement note is								existing and planned			
			being prepared to be								energy infrastructure.			
			submitted into											
			examination.											



Point	Taken from Natural England's Relevant and Written Representations EA1N Appendix E - Seascape and Landscape Visual Impact Assessment (SLVIA) - 'Offshore' elements of the project	IRel and	IConcultation actions	RAG status D1	-	RAG status D2	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D3	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D4	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D5	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
Comm	ents on Visibility													
1	(Point 3.1.1) Natural England notes that the text used in Offshore Visibility Appendix (PIER Appendix 28.7, ES Appendix 28.8) are essentially the same. We reiterate the relevant parts of our s42 consultation response. We also add further comments in response to new text in the ES SLVIA and as a result of the evidence gathered by NE in the summer of 2019 as provided for within our Relevant Representation. An understanding of the likely number of turbines within the array which would contribute most to the predicted significant landscape and visual effects would be helpful in determining this application.		30-Jul Workshop NE agreed no significant project-alone impacts on the AONB from EA1N and noted that the reduction in height of the maximum turbine tip height from 300 to 282m will reduce the impact on the AONB from EA1N. Further comments on this issue can be found in REP1-157.				Natural England queries if a change in draft height proposed in Ornithological workshop on 07.12.2020 will change this assessment?		N/A		N/A		No further Update	
2	(point 3.1.2) At the S42 consultation NE commented on the information and statements contained in paragraphs 8 and 12 of 28.8 (paragraphs 7 and 11 of PEIR document 28.7). We reviewed our comments and provided an update . A copy of quoted research document 'Offshore Wind Turbine Visibility and Visual impact Threshold Distances (2012)', included as an appendix to the ES would be helpful.		Further comments on this issue can be found in REP1-156.		N/A		Ongoing. The Applicant advised in their response to NE at D2 [REP2-004] the incorrect journal article was provided to NE and the updated 2013 article was submitted by the Applicant in response at D2. NE intend to review and submit any required response at D5.		N/A		Natural England has reviewed the (2013) article submitted in response by the Applicant at Deadline 2 [REP2-004]. Natural England acknowledge the useful information presented within this article, however we have no specific comment of relevance to the examination process.			



Point	and Written Representations EA1N	IRel and	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D1	actions,	Istatus	Consultation, actions,	RAG status D3	IConsultation actions	RAG status D4	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D5	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
Comm	(Point 3.2.1) Natural England's advice at s42 included comments on the night time effects produced by the navigation lighting associated with the EA1N turbines. From our review of the ES SLVIA documents we can find no evidence that our comments have been addressed. We request therefore that these effects are assessed and the results used to inform the significance of effect judgement for both landscape and visual receptors and the potential such effects might on the special qualities of the AONB.		REP1-157 (Point 3.4.1.) and outcome of July workshop - Resolved - NE welcomes the Applicant's commitment to reduce the intensity of the aviation lighting to 200cd whenever atmospheric conditions permit.				Resolved.							
Comm	ents on the AONB Baseline													
4	(Point 3.3.1) For the s42 consultation Natural England made comments on the anticipated trends in the AONB baseline conditions and these are repeated from the s42 consultation.		REP1-157 (Point 3.5.1) - Ongoing: Please note that Sizewell C DCO has now been submitted.		N/A		Ongoing Issue. EDF Energy have now issued for consultation a set of proposed changes to the DCO for Sizewell C which may produce a significant cumulative effect with EA1 North and EA2. See NE Response to Applicant's Sizewell C Cumulative Impact Assessment (Landscape and Visual) Clarification Note [REP2-010] in Appendix D2, Deadline 3.		N/A		N/A		Issue Ongoing	



P	oint	and Written Representations EA1N Appendix E - Seascape and Landscape Visual Impact Assessment (SLVIA) -	IKEL and	Consultation, actions, progression	status		ctatus	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D3	IConsultation actions	Istatus	Consultation, actions, progression	letatue	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
C	omme	nts on Cumulative Effects											•		
		(Point 3.9.1) As a result of interactions with the EA2 OWF project Natural England agrees that the EA1N OWF project will not meaningfully contribute to the significant cumulative effects of these two OWF projects.		REP1-157 (Point 3.11.1) - Cumulative Effects with EA2 Ongoing: The values presented by NE updated to view height of 6.5m.		N/A		Ongoing Issue.		N/A		N/A		N/A	
		Although the contribution the EA1N project makes to the cumulative effects at the LCTs listed, NE advises that opportunities should be sought to reduce this contribution as far is possible within the design envelope of the OWF project. In particular the use of lower turbines (250m) for the EA1N OWF project would assist in reducing the cumulative effects predicted in both the EA2 and EA1N ES SLVIA.		REP1-157 - NE welcome the prevision of the apparent height figures for the EA1N (both 300m and 250m turbines) and Galloper array. These values are similar to those we calculated and presented in our Relevant/Written Representation.				Resolved							
				REP1-157 - Resolved: Following confirmation that the maximum blade tip height for EA1N will be 282m at the July Workshop NE agrees with the Applicant that further mitigation of turbine height for EA1N is not required. NE requested testing of 282m height tip during examination.				Resolved.							



Point	Taken from Natural England's Relevant and Written Representations EA1N Appendix E - Seascape and Landscape Visual Impact Assessment (SLVIA) - 'Offshore' elements of the project	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	Inrogression	RAG status D1	•	RAG status D2	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D3	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D4	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D5	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
Comn	ents on Summary and Conclusions													
6	(Point 3.10.1) Natural England agrees with the assessment of no significance effect for landscape and visual receptors within the AONB or its seascape setting. We also agree with the judgement that of no significant effects on the special qualities of the AONB and users of the Suffolk Coastal Path. Although we disagree with some of the reasoning set out in the Summary and Conclusions section of Chapter 28 we do not believe our advice on these is required.													
7	(Point 3.10.2) We agree that the contribution made by the EA1N OWF project to the cumulative effects of the EA2 OWF project is small. However, we note that opportunities do exist to reduce this contribution further through the use of shorter (250m) turbines. NE does not consider that the combined lateral spread of the two arrays is likely to result in significant adverse visual effects. The reduction in the lateral spread of the EA2 array has eliminated the possibility of a 'curtaining effect' where views of the horizon are obscured due to the apparent merging of the EA1N and EA2 arrays.		Please see REP1-157 (Point 3.12.6). It was agreed at the July workshop that EA1N is considered not to contribute meaningfully / significantly to the cumulative effect with EA2 i.e. not significant.		Resolved									



	Taken from Natural England's Relevant and Written Representations EA1N Appendix F1 - All Other Matters	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	progression	status D1	actions, progression	D2	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D3		RAG status D4	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D5	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
Docu	ment used: 6.1.4 EA1N Environmental State	ement Ch	<u>'</u>	Assessm		es			1.					
1	Although the decision to cross the Sandlings SPA at the narrowest section is welcomed, it should be noted the decision to HDD or trench through this section has yet to be determined. There is still the potential for impacts and disturbance to occur to species using the SPA despite this narrowest route.		Please see REP1-163.		N/A		Ongoing		Issue Ongoing - see Natural England Response Appendix C6 at Deadline 4.		Issue Ongoing - see Natural England Update Appendix C7 At Deadline 5		No update	
2	Natural England queries if the removal of a section of woodland been fully considered within the ES. Signposting to this would be useful. Has the Applicant considered alternatives to not removing the woodland and will the woodland be replaced?		The Applicant signposted Natural England [AS-036] to the relevant sections and documents, we are satisfied this issue has been considered.											
3	Although Natural England recognises the options of crossing the SPA, trenching or HDD, the Applicant needs to make it clear what the impacts will be if the EA2 and EA1N cable routes are put in sequentially rather than at the same time (see point 4 below). This applies to other scenarios such as Aldeburgh road woodland.	r	The Applicant signposted Natural England [AS-036] to the relevant sections and documents, we are satisfied this issue has been considered. The worst case scenario of sequential construction of the onshore cabling remains a concern for Natural England.		N/A		The Applicant submitted a SPA Crossing Method Statement at Deadline 1 [REP1-043], we responded at Deadline 2 [REP2-053].		Issue Ongoing - see Natural England Response Appendix C6 at Deadline 4.		Resolved. NE welcomes the information within the Project Update Note [REP2-007] submitted by the Applicant at D2 that simultaneous installation of the cable infrastructure for both the EA1N and EA2 projects when the first of the two proceeds will significantly lessen and landscape or ecological impact.			



	Taken from Natural England's Relevant and Written Representations EA1N Appendix F1 - All Other Matters	WR Rep	progression	RAG status D1	actions,	RAG status D2	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D3	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D4	Consultation, actions, progression	Ictatuc	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
Docui	ment used: 6.1.6 EA1N Environmental State	ment Ch		n	Leade		<b>L</b>		I		1			
4	It is not clear whether the cable corridor area described is intended for both EA1N and EA2, i.e. will all cable installation for both projects take place within the same 32m wide corridor or will there be 2x 32m cable corridors, one for EA1N and one for EA2?  If the cable routes for both EA1N and EA2 are installed within the same 32m wide corridor, will this occur sequentially or at the same time?		The Applicant signposted Natural England [AS-036] to the relevant sections and documents. NE has concerns about sequential installation.		N/A		The Applicant has confirmed that the installation of the cable infrastructure will be sequential [REP2-007]. The Applicant intends to submit further information on this at Deadline 3 [REP2-004 point 1.2.4].		Ducting by the first project for the second project has been agreed and therefore this issue is now resolved.					
Docui	I nent used: 6.1.7 EA1N Environmental State	ement Ch	apter 07 Marine Geology, C	Oceanogr	aphy and Physica	al Proces	ses	<u> </u>						
5	Natural England advises that evidence needs to presented to support statements that the maximum volumes of sediment released from sea bed preparation is five times greater than is likely to be released by scour. This currently seems quite arbitrary to base the assessment of scour during the operational phase on. Does this only apply to near-surface sediments as indicated by table 7.3?		The Applicant submitted a document [AS-036] that states that the figure only applies to near-surface sediments - those which will be released by scour. Natural England is satisfied this issue has been addressed.											
6	Much of the cable corridor sits within the Outer Thames Estuary SPA and there is the potential for disturbance to the features during any proposed works. Likewise, these subtidal sandbanks are key feeding areas for designated features such as red-throated diver. Therefore, for works including disposal within the sandbank areas there will need to be an assessment of the impacts against the conservation objectives for the site.		Please see REP1-158.		N/A		NE provided the Applicant with detailed mapping for the supporting habitats of the SPA through our Discretionary Advice Service (08.10.20). The Applicant intends to submit an updated assessment at Deadline 3.		The Applicant submitted a document at Deadline 3 [REP3-059] outlining the effects on supporting habitats of Outer Thames Estuary SPA. Impacts against the conservation objectives have been included and we agree with the Applicant that that there is no AEoI.					



Point	Taken from Natural England's Relevant and Written Representations EA1N Appendix F1 - All Other Matters	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	Consultation actions	status	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D2	consultation, actions,	RAG status D3	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D4	consultation, actions,	Istatus	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
7	Assuming some of the cable protection will be laid within the SPA boundary, has the Applicant considered the loss of supporting SPA habitat for the designated features? This will need to be considered across several thematic areas including offshore ornithology, sediment transportation and benthic.				N/A				The Applicant submitted a document at Deadline 3 [REP3-059] outlining the effects on supporting habitats of Outer Thames Estuary SPA. This document removes Natural England's consents regarding AEOI regarding cable protection and OTE SPA.					
8	It is clear from the ES that both project sites exhibit large areas of sandwaves and mega ripples. This suggests to Natural England that a significant amount of sandwave clearance may be needed. If so, then it is essential that the applicant sufficiently considers the impact of disturbance and prey availability upon the interest features of the Outer Thames Estuary SPA, plus the potential loss of Sabellaria spinulosa reef which should be avoided by micro-siting where possible.				N/A				The Applicant submitted a document at Deadline 3 [REP3-059] outlining the effects on supporting habitats of Outer Thames Estuary SPA. This document removes Natural England's consents regarding AEOI regarding sandwave levelling and OTE SPA issue now Green.  But await the submission of revised Sabellaria spinulosa management plan at D5.		The Applicant submitted an Outline Sabellaria Reef Management Plan [REP4-040] at Deadline 5. Please see NE Deadline 5 Appendix F5b for detailed comments. We continue to have ongoing concerns.		Natural England are awaiting an updated Outline Sabellaria Reef Management Plan at Deadline 6/7.	
9	The ES indicates that a relatively large area of the export cable corridor is predominantly silt. Has this change in sediment been fed into the impact assessment to determine the impact of trenching cables within this area? A greater percentage of silt within the sediment will result in a more persistent suspended sediment concentration following disturbance.		The Applicant submitted a document [AS-036], NE is satisfied this matter is agreed.		N/A									



Point	Taken from Natural England's Relevant and Written Representations EA1N Appendix F1 - All Other Matters	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	Consultation, actions, progression	status	actions,	letatue	Consultation, actions, progression	letatue	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D4	Consultation, actions, progression	letatue	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
10	Is there any site specific evidence from the EA One construction of the actual sediment concentrations that were experienced during foundation installation?		The Applicant submitted a document [AS-036], NE is satisfied this matter is agreed.		N/A									
11	Clarification on why there is such a wide difference in the potential height of drill arisings mounds would be welcome. In addition the persistence of any mound/s would also need to be considered. If this is hard substrata then it would need to be potentially added to the incombination assessment of any cable/scour protection; especially in relation to potential impacts to the conservation objectives for the Outer Thames SPA.		Ongoing discussions		N/A		The Applicant submitted an Outline Sabellaria Reef Management Plan at Deadline 1 [REP1-004]. NE responded at Deadline 2 [REP2-056]. The Applicant intends to update the draft DCO at Deadline 3.		Ongoing		The Applicant submitted an Outline Sabellaria Reef Management Plan [REP4-040] at Deadline 5. Please see NE Deadline 5 Appendix F5b for detailed comments. We continue to have ongoing concerns		Natural England are awaiting an updated Outline <i>Sabellaria</i> Reef Management Plan at Deadline 6/7.	
12	Although the overall sediment release volumes would be low and confined to near the sea bed; it is not clear if there has been an assessment of the impacts at varying depths? This may apply more to the export cable installation further inshore.		The Applicant submitted a document [AS-036], NE is satisfied this matter is agreed.											
13	A relatively large area of the export cable corridor is predominantly silt. There seems to be no assessment of how this would affect the dispersion and settlement rate, particularly in nearshore shallow waters and any designated sites. Further information would be welcome.		The Applicant submitted a document [AS-036], NE is satisfied this matter is agreed.											
14	Natural England queries if there is an opportunity to microsite jack up vessels legs if habitats of conservation interest are found in the area during preconstruction surveys?		NE note the Applicant will submit an Outline Sabellaria Reef Management Plan at Deadline 1, NE will respond at Deadline 2.		N/A		Please see REP2-056.							



Ро	Taken from Natural England's Relevant and Written Representations EA1N Appendix F1 - All Other Matters	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D1	status	Consultation, actions, progression	Istatus	consultation, actions,	Istatus	Consultation, actions, progression	Istatus	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
1	Although the worst case scour volume of 50,000 m <sup>3</sup> is considerably less than the worst case volume of sediment released following sea bed preparation activities, this impact could be considered longer term as scour is likely to continue during the lifetime of the wind farm. It is not clear how this been considered and assessed by the applicant?		The Applicant's response to NE's RR/WR [AS-036] confirmed the figure was in error, we welcome the correction.										
1	The ES Table 7.32 concludes that the magnitude of effect on sea bed morphology due to the presence of foundations is high in the near field. Further expansion within this section on what this means for the receptors concerning this chapter would be useful. We understand the effect will be raised in other chapters, but it is hard to understand what this magnitude means for this particular topic.		The Applicant submitted a document [AS-036], NE is satisfied this matter is agreed.										
1	The Applicant identifies this impact (changes to the sea bed morphology due to the presence of foundation structures) as not having the potential for cumulative impacts, as the foundation structures affects a discrete area of seabed. However, in-combination with other windfarms and their associated foundation footprints could these discrete areas be combined to create a large overall impact?		The Applicant submitted a document [AS-036], NE is satisfied this matter is agreed.										



Point	and Written Representations EA1N	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D1	actions,	RAG status D2	Consultation, actions, progression	Istatus	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D4	Consultation, actions, progression	Istatus	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
18	Natural England queries what is this accepted threshold of 5 % and less for cumulative effect on baseline wave regime based upon? What are the predicted impacts of a greater than 2 % increase upon the sensitive receptors for marine geology, oceanography and physical processes?		The Applicant submitted a document [AS-036], NE is satisfied this matter is agreed.											
Docui	I nent used: 6.1.9 EA1N Environmental State	ement Ch	apter 09 Benthic Ecology											
19	Natural England wishes to highlight that the worst case scenario for benthic ecology should be related to the foundation type and not the blade tip height. We believe that this has been covered in the chapter so raises as a point to note to the examiner.													
20	Natural England highlights that the Rochdale envelope remains allencompassing including the use of Gravity Based foundations that have not been used in English waters to date. Therefore, we would question why these have continued to be included in the Environmental Statement (ES). Especially as it unrealistically skews some of the assessments.													
21	Please be advised that there should be a commitment that is secured in one of the DCO/DML reference docs relating to the clearance of boulders should be away from habitat of conservation important.		NE note the Applicant will submit an Outline Sabellaria Reef Management Plan at Deadline 1, we will respond at Deadline 2.		N/A		The Applicant submitted an Outline Sabellaria Reef Management Plan at Deadline 1 [REP1-004]. NE responded at Deadline 2 [REP2-056]. The Applicant intends to update the draft DCO at Deadline 3.		NE are advised the Applicant intends to submit an updated Outline <i>Sabellaria</i> Reef Management Plan at Deadline 5.		The Applicant submitted an Outline Sabellaria Reef Management Plan [REP4-040] at Deadline 5. Please see NE Deadline 5 Appendix F5b for detailed comments. We continue to have ongoing concerns.		Natural England are awaiting an updated Outline <i>Sabellaria</i> Reef Management Plan at Deadline 6/7.	



Poir	Taken from Natural England's Relevant t and Written Representations EA1N Appendix F1 - All Other Matters	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D1	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D2	Consultation, actions, progression	Istatus	consultation, actions,	RAG status D4	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D5	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
22	Natural England supports the undertaking of sandwave levelling if as stated it reduces the need for cable protection. However, we do recognise that sandwave levelling activities (including sediment disposal), is likely to have a significant effect (LSE) on the interest features of the Outer Thames Estuary SPA and will need to be considered against the conservation objectives for the site in an Appropriate Assessment.		This issue is ongoing. Natural England has provided the Applicant with GIS layers (through our Discretionary Advice Service) to form a supporting habitat map (08.10.20).		N/A		The Applicant intends to submit an updated assessment at Deadline 3.		The Applicant submitted a document at Deadline 3 [REP3-059] outlining the effects on supporting habitats of Outer Thames Estuary SPA. This document removes Natural England's consents regarding AEOI regarding sandwave levelling and OTE SPA.					
23	We welcome the commitment to avoid sensitive receptors when undertaking sandwave levelling works, but where possible sand should be disposed in similar particle sized areas.		Natural England have liaised with the Applicant on this matter, this is outlined in REP1-161. Ongoing issue.		N/A				Ongoing		No update		No update	
24	It would be helpful if the Applicant could provide context from East Anglia ONE in relation to the amount and location of cable protection placed along the export cable.		Within AS-036, we note that EA1 installed cable along 2.11% of its first export cable and 2.12% along its second. NE welcomes this information and request that it is expanded and used as supporting evidence when considering potential risk of habitat changes from cable protection.		N/A				The Applicant submitted a document at Deadline 3 [REP3-059] outlining the effects on supporting habitats of Outer Thames Estuary SPA. Natural England is content that the most relevant data has been used to inform the Applicant's position.					



Point	Taken from Natural England's Relevant and Written Representations EA1N Appendix F1 - All Other Matters	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D1	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D2	Consultation, actions, progression	Istatus	IConsultation, actions.	RAG status D4	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D5	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
25	Natural England notes that the placement of new cable protection over the life time of the project is not included in the assessment. Is this because a separate marine licence will be applied for at the time?		This matter is under consideration by the applicant.		N/A		The Applicant intends to update the draft DCO at Deadline 3.		The Applicant has submitted an updated draft DCO at Deadline 3 [REP3-012]. A new condition has been proposed to address deployment of cable protection within new areas. Natural England do not consider this wording to be sufficient. Please see our response at Deadline 4 Appendix G2.		No update		This matter remains, although we have agreed to condition wording proposed by the MMO, on a without prejudice basis.	
26	Please be advised that the assessment of cable protection is not consistent with Natural England recent draft advice position paper as provided for Boreas examination. Ideally drill arisings should be deposited in areas of scour protection against to turbines and/or similar habitats.		This issue is ongoing.		N/A		The Applicant intends to submit an updated assessment at Deadline 3.		Ongoing		Please See Natural England Response to the Update Sabellaria Reef Management Plan [REP4- 040] Appendix F5b at Deadline 5.		Natural England are awaitning an updated Sabellaria Reef Management Plan at Deadline 6/7.	
27	Please be advised that mitigation in the form of micro-siting is not normally secured as part of the In Principle Monitoring Plan. Further consideration should be given to how best to do this.		This issue is ongoing. Please see DCO Issues Log (point 11).		N/A		The Applicant submitted an Outline Sabellaria Reef Management Plan at Deadline 1 [REP1-004]. NE responded at Deadline 2 [REP2-056]. The Applicant intends to update the draft DCO at Deadline 3.		Following the Applicant's submission of IPSIP [REP3-044], Schedule of Changes to Draft DCO and Draft DCO [REP3-011, REP-012 & REP3-013] there remains ongoing disagreement. See NE Response in Appendix G3 and Appendix B3 at Deadline 4.		Issue ongoing. Although it is acknowledged this is in the DCO, there remains ongoing disagreement NE await update on the IPMP from the Applicant.		Natural England are awaiting an update IPMP at Deadline 6.	
28	Natural England notes that no benthic ecology monitoring is proposed. However, this differs from what is outlined the In-Principal Monitoring Plan (Page 10, Table 2 within Section 1.6.4). Natural England agrees with the IPMP and advises that potential impacts to Sabellaria spinulosa reef areas will be required.													



Poir	t and Written Representations EA1N	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D1	actions,	RAG status D2	Consultation, actions, progression	Istatus	Consultation, actions,	RAG status D4	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D5	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
29	Please be advised that all reef is reef no matter the quality and is therefore protected as such.		Natural England have liaised with the Applicant on this matter, this is outlined in REP1-161. NE have stated that all reef is protected therefore can we take it that the Applicant agrees with NE and will be addressed accordingly through the Design Plan.		N/A		The Applicant submitted an Outline Sabellaria Reef Management Plan at Deadline 1 [REP1-004]. NE responded at Deadline 2 [REP2-056]. The Applicant intends to update the draft DCO at Deadline 3.		Awaiting updated Sabellaria Spinulosa Reef management plan at Deadline 5.		The Applicant submitted an Outline Sabellaria Reef Management Plan [REP4-040] at Deadline 5. Please see NE Deadline 5 Appendix F5b for detailed comments. Ongoing.		Natural England are awaiting an updated Outline Sabellaria Reef Management Plan at Deadline 6/7.	
30	Natural England notes that impacts to mapped sandbanks will be avoided. However, there remains an impact to 1,000,000m³ of sediment, which is not small. It would therefore be useful know footprint/spatial extent to the impacts. However, at this stage we can advise that there would be a LSE which would require further consideration as part of an Appropriate Assessment.		This issue is ongoing. Natural England have provided the Applicant with GIS layers (through our Discretionary Advice Service) to form a supporting habitat map (08.10.20).		N/A		NE provided the Applicant with detailed mapping for the supporting habitats of the SPA through our Discretionary Advice Service (08.10.20). The Applicant intends to submit an updated assessment at Deadline 3.		The Applicant submitted a document at Deadline 3 [REP3-059] outlining the effects on supporting habitats of Outer Thames Estuary SPA. The Applicant has stated that a worst case assumption for sand wave levelling footprint is estimated to be 800,000m² for the entire offshore cable corridor within the overlap with OTE SPA. NE considers that the relevant information has now been provided.					
31	Natural England notes that cable protection is proposed at the HDD exit point. Please be advised that there will need to be join up in relation to potential impacts to coastal processes and sediment transport.		Please see REP1-153.		N/A				No update		No update		No Update	



Point	and Written Representations EA1N Appendix F1 - All Other Matters	Rep	Consultation, actions, progression	actions,	RAG status D2	Consultation, actions, progression	Istatus	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D4	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D5	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
32	Natural England doesn't support the view that reef on artificial substrate is Annex I reef. Please see Appendix F3 for our advice on the Boreas offshore windfarm application. But it is recognised that as the works are not within a designated site there is no legislation under pinning this advice.												
Jocu 33	Although larval abundances between 2007- 2017 have been relatively low as described by Figures 10.15 to 10.17, there is little mention of the nursery grounds in relation to Herring. Figure 10.14 indicates that the cable corridor in particular is a high intensity nursery ground. Natural England would welcome further consideration of how impacts to nursey grounds may effect prey availability for the interest features of the marine protected areas.  Natural England also advises that the impacts of climate change, particularly the redistribution of species as a result, is considered within the assessments against the variety of species considered.		In AS-036 the Applicant stated there was an error in data processing which have now been updated. We welcomed these changes and advised the impacts to prey availability for OTE SPA still need to be considered through HRA. More comments on this matter can be found at REP1-161.	N/A		The Applicant intends to submit an updated assessment at Deadline 3.		Ongoing		No update		Natural England Defer to MMO on this matter	
34	As raised in our Preliminary Environmental Information Report (PEIR) response, the reference used within this paragraph is very old, nearly 40 years. Is there any more recent evidence to show herring tolerance to elevated suspended sediment concentrations? Also what does Kiorboe et al. 1981 define as "short term" exposure?		The Applicant stated [AS-036] that an extensive literature review has been conducted. NE notes the commitment to the new research into herring tolerance to elevated suspended sediment concentrations at the time of construction. This matter is ongoing until it is secured.	N/A		Ongoing		N/A		No update		Natural England notes that this matter remains outstanding. However, we defer matters on fish and shellfish to the MMO and consider this issue of minor significance.	



Ро	int	Taken from Natural England's Relevant and Written Representations EA1N Appendix F1 - All Other Matters	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	IConsultation actions	status	actions,	Istatus	Consultation, actions, progression	Istatus	Consultation, actions,	Istatus	Consultation actions	Istatus	IConsultation, actions.	RAG status D6
3	35	Is there any further site specific information to determine the likelihood of being in direct contact with sand eel habitat and linking this to the noise modelling impacts to have a greater understanding of the risk given to sand eels?		AS-036 provides further information. We defer to Cefas for their expertise on this topic.		N/A		Ongoing		N/A		Natural England has deferred to CEFAS on this matter			
3		Is there a reason why the applicant cannot commit to burying their cable to a minimum depth of 1.5m?		Whilst the applicant responded at AS-036, there remains disagreements.		N/A		Ongoing		N/A		No update		Natural England notes that this matter remains outstanding. However, we defer matters on fish and shellfish to the MMO and consider this issue of minor significance.	



	and Written Representations EA1N Appendix G - Development Consent Order, Deemed Marine Licences and related certified documentation	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	progression	RAG status D1	actions,	RAG status D2	Consultation, actions, progression	Istatus	Consultation, actions,	RAG status D4	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D5	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
Doo	ument Used: 3.1 EA1N Draft Development Conversely NE disagrees with definitions of	onsent C	The Applicant stated [AS-		N/A		The Applicant intends to		Issue Ongoing. The		No update		The Applicant submitted a	
1	"commence" and "offshore preparation works". The wording permits damaging works (e.g UXO detonation). The wording is also open to the inclusion of more activities than specified and thus could lead to works such as boulder removal, sandwave levelling, pre lay grapnel runs and other potentially environmentally damaging works. These works could commence before the appropriate methodologies and documentation have been approved. As there would be no regulatory involvement it is not certain if pre construction surveys would be completed to sufficiently inform and agree micro siting requirements. Thus leading to an increased risk of impact to features of conservation value (e.g biogenic reef). The words 'but not limited to' should be removed, as should reference to UXO detonation works.		036] that they will update the definition of "offshore preparation works" in the next version of the draft DCO. There is ongoing disagreement with regards to the UXO detonation timings. More comments can be seen at REP1-155.		N/A		submit an updated DCO at Deadline 3.		updated Draft DCO and schedule of changes to the draft DCO [REP-011, REP-012 and REP-013] submitted at Deadline 3 retains the inclusion of UXO works, although Natural England note the words 'not limited to' are removed. As stated in our RR-059, this should be removed, as per our response in Appendix G2 at D4.		No upuate		Schedule of Changes to draft DCO at Deadline 6 [REP5-005]. Natural England welcomes the update to the definition of offshore preparation works and notes the amendments.	
2	Natural England does not agree with the definition of "maintain". Specifically that works linked as ancillary works (listed in schedule 1 part 1) are part of maintenance. Works such as cable protection and scour protection deployment are construction activities which can have significant environmental impact. They should not be included within the definition of maintenance. Please see Natural England and the MMO positions on deployment of cable protection.		The Applicant stated [AS-036] that they will review a paper produced by Natural England which offers guidance on the expected marine licensing requirements. This is an ongoing issue.		N/A				Issue Ongoing. See DCO response Appendix G2 at Deadline 4 and Appendix F7 at Deadline 4 which sets out Natural England's position on cable protection.		No update		No update	



Poin	and Written Representations EA1N t Appendix G - Development Consent Order, Deemed Marine Licences and	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	Consultation, actions, progression	status	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D2	Consultation, actions, progression	Istatus	Consultation, actions,	RAG status D4	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D5	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
3	Arbitration: Natural England does not consider that it is appropriate for post-consent sign-off of DML conditions to be subject to arbitration. Natural England suggests that this wording be amended to that which was used by the Secretary of State (SoS) while deciding on this issue in the Tilbury 2 application. Natural England also refers to the representations and submissions on arbitration submitted during the recent Hornsea 3, Vanguard and Thanet Extension applications.		We have liaised with the Applicant on this issue, this is outlined in REP1-155. In the Vanguard decision similar arbitration and appeals mechanism for the DML conditions were removed. There is ongoing disagreement.		N/A		Ongoing disagreement.		Resolved: The updated Draft DCO and schedule of changes to the draft DCO [REP011, REP012 and REP013] submitted at Deadline 3 includes the amendment to the arbitration article to make it clear that decisions undertaken by the MMO or the SOS post consent will not be subject to arbitration. This addresses our concern with this article.					
4	Many areas and volumes are given as m2 and m3, they should be m <sup>2</sup> or m <sup>3</sup> .		The Applicant agreed to make these changes [AS-036] in the updated version of the draft DCO. We will review the next DCO and confirm.		N/A				Resolved: The updated Draft DCO and schedule of changes to the draft DCO [REP011, REP012 and REP013] submitted at Deadline 3 includes amendments to m <sup>2</sup> or m <sup>3</sup> .					



Poir	and Written Representations EA1N t Appendix G - Development Consent	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	Consultation, actions, progression	actions, progression	Istatus	Consultation, actions, progression	Istatus	consultation, actions,	RAG status D4	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D5	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
5	No volumes or areas of cable protection are provided but are recorded within the DMLs. The ES project descriptions have separate areas of cable protection for the cable crossings. Clarification is needed to explain if volumes are recorded within the totals within the DMLs or if they are additional to the DML volumes. If additional, volumes should be recorded in the DCO/DML to ensure the maximums are stated and enforceable. No volumes or areas of disposal are provided. Maximum amount of disposal should be provided and split into hard substrate (drill arisings), boulder relocation and soft sediments (sandwave levelling and ground preparation). The total volumes are recorded within the DMLs and split according to activity. This application and project description includes detonation of UXO. If these works are to be licenced and given the significant potential for impact the maximum number of detonations and the maximum size of detonation (UXO in kg) should be recorded. These factors should also be recorded in the DMLs to ensure no works outside of the scope of the ES details take place.		The Applicant stated [AS-036] that deposits are licensable marine activities and are therefore regulated by the DMLs, there is no need for these area or volumes to be specified in schedule 1 of the DCO. We informed the Applicant that we disagree. More details can be seen in REP1-155.	N/A		Ongoing disagreement.		Ongoing disagreement		No update		No update	
6	The relevant statutory nature conservation body should be named as a consultee on the updated Code of Construction Practice (CoCP). This is to ensure the appropriate environmental considerations are provided within these documents.		The Applicant stated [AS-036] that they do not consider it necessary to name NE as a consultee on the face of the DCO in respect of the CoCP. We disagree please see REP1-155.	N/A				Resolved. The updated Draft DCO and Schedule of Changes to the draft DCO [REP011, REP012 and REP013] submitted at Deadline 3 - includes reference to 'consultation with the named statutory consultee'					



Point	Taken from Natural England's Relevant and Written Representations EA1N Appendix G - Development Consent Order, Deemed Marine Licences and related certified documentation	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	nrogression	status D1	progression	RAG status D2	Consultation, actions, progression	letatue	Consultation, actions, progression	letatue	Consultation, actions, progression	letatue	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
7	The relevant statutory nature conservation body should be named as a consultee on the onshore decommissioning plan. This is to ensure appropriate ecological mitigation and considerations are made within the decommissioning works.		The Applicant agreed to update requirement 30 (Onshore decommissioning) of the draft DCO to include the relevant SNCB as a consultee in respect of the onshore decommissioning plan [AS-036]. Once we have seen an updated draft this issue will be resolved.		N/A		Updated DCO/DML expected at deadline 3.		Resolved. The updated Draft DCO and Schedule of Changes to the draft DCO [REP011, REP012 and REP013] submitted at Deadline 3 - includes reference to 'consultation with the relevant statutory nature conservation body'.					
8	This requirement makes it clear that onshore connection works built under one order can only be built on one order and not both. However, Natural England questions if this requirement adequately ensures that any ongoing monitoring or mitigation works for those areas are clearly secured. Natural England considers it logical that the party who constructed the works should hold responsibility for any required ongoing requirements.		The Applicant stated [AS- 036] that under Article 5 the obligations would transfer to the new owner.		N/A		N/A							
9	Definitions of "commence", "offshore preparation works" and "maintain" are not acceptable, see points 1 and 2.		See issues 1 and 2 above.		N/A		Updated DCO/DML expected at deadline 3.		Ongoing issue as above, see points 1 and 2		No update		Definition of commence is agreed, but maintain remains an issue due to concerns regarding lifetime deployment of cable protection and scour protection.	



Poin	and Written Representations EA1N t Appendix G - Development Consent Order, Deemed Marine Licences and	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	Consultation, actions, progression	actions,	RAG status D2	Consultation, actions, progression	Istatus	Consultation, actions,	Istatus	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D5	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
10	This condition requires a notification of completion of construction activities. Does this condition adequately ensure that no further construction activities can be undertaken under this DML?  Natural England considers that this is a notification only. To ensure clarity on the end of the construction period and the start of the operation period and to appropriately trigger the post-construction conditions, Natural England considers that a separate condition may be needed to require the Applicant to inform once all construction activities have completed and that no further construction works will be required under this licence.  Recent projects have implied that as their DCO and DML has no requirement or condition ending construction they can complete construction activities throughout the lifetime of the project.  Natural England does not consider this appropriate.		The Applicant has stated that they do not consider the condition we proposed as appropriate [AS-036]. There is ongoing disagreement on this issue.	N/A		Ongoing disagreement.		Ongoing disagreement		No update		No update	



Poin	Taken from Natural England's Relevant and Written Representations EA1N t Appendix G - Development Consent Order, Deemed Marine Licences and related certified documentation	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D1	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D2	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D3	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D4	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D5	Consultation, actions,	RAG status D6
11	The conditions to ensure removal of UXO can proceed without inclusion under commencement. However, these works also require consideration of potential benthic impacts (biogenic reef). The requirement to preform pre-construction surveys to inform micro-siting of cables must be included to ensure appropriate mitigation. Current drafting has no timing requirements for submission. They need to be submitted a minimum of 6 months prior to the detonation. However, this work will lead to significant duplication of effort for post-construction document approval. NE advises inclusion of UXO within the definition of "commence" and the sign off of plans within the pre-construction conditions. Conditions should be added to DMLs ensure that: • 1 UXO is detonated across EA2 and EA1N within a 24 hour period. • No piling will occur concurrent to the UXO detonation or within 24 hours of a detonation. • 1 piling event can occur across EA2 and EA1N within any 24 hour period. • A Cooperation Plan/Agreement will be required between EA1N and EA2 if construction periods overlap. These key mitigations in outline SIP pg 30 section 6.1 and should be appropriately secured through condition.	r	This issue is under discussion, please see REP1-155.		N/A		The Applicant will submit an In-principle SIP at Deadline 3.		Following the Applicant's submission of IPSIP [REP3-044] and Schedule of Changes to Draft DCO and Draft DCO [REP3-011, REP-012 & REP3-013] there remains ongoing disagreement. See NE Response in Appendix G3 and Appendix B3 at Deadline 4.		Awaiting Applicant to submit draft conditions for marine mammals. Please see NE Deadline 5 Appendix B5 for comments on IPMP.		The Applicant submitted a Schedule of Changes to draft DCO at Deadline 6 [REP5-005]. Natural England notes the inclusion of wording ensuring that a micro-siting report is produced. We also note the inclusion of new timing requirements under condition 16 (3) and (4). We support the 6 and 3 month timing requirements that have been proposed. Discussion is ongoing regarding the wording of conditions restricting the pilling and UXO. Updated DCO expected at Deadline 6.	



Poin	and Written Representations EA1N  Appendix G - Development Consent	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D1	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D2	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D3	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D4	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D5	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
12	The condition allows for changes to the cable protection if proposed following cable laying operations. However, there is no end date within the condition.  Natural England's joint position with the MMO is that it is not appropriate for cable protection to be deployed throughout the operation and maintenance (O&M) phase of a project. This is due to the very large spatial and temporal scale of these licenced works, giving a Rochdale Envelope that is too undefined to appropriately assess. An end date should be included based on the proposals within the Natural England and MMO joint position statement. Any cable protection works after this end date should be licenced separately. It should also be noted that further surveys would be required to confirm the presence/absence of Sabellaria reef, such as is required prior to construction.		See point 2 above.		N/A		The Applicant intends to submit an updated draft DCO at Deadline 3.		Issue ongoing, see Natural England response Appendix G2 and Appendix F7 at Deadline 4. We also refer to the comments in our relevant and written reps [RR-059], Appendix F1 [REP1-161] and Appendix F2 [REP1-158].		No update		The Applicant submitted a Schedule of Changes to draft DCO at Deadline 6 [REP5-005]. Natural England welcomes the condition securing the submission of the updated Sabellaria reef management plan six months prior to works.	
13	Natural England considers that within these conditions the requirements to conduct ornithological monitoring (as outlined in the In Principle Monitoring Plan) should be secured.		The Applicant intends to update draft DCO to be submitted at Deadline 3. NE will provide further advice after Deadline 3.		N/A				Issue Ongoing. Natural England notes inclusion of ornithological monitoring, but has concerns over the wording. See Appendix G2 and Appendix A12 responses at Deadline 4.		No update		The Applicant submitted a Schedule of Changes to draft DCO at Deadline 6 [REP5-005]. Natural England welcomes the condition securing ornithological monitoring.	
14	All issues raised under Schedule 13 also apply to Schedule 14 where similar conditions exist.													
15	Please see point 3 regarding Arbitration.													



Po	and Written Representations EA1N int Appendix G - Development Consent Order, Deemed Marine Licences and	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D1		RAG status D2	Consultation, actions, progression	letatue	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D4	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D5	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
Do	cument Used: 8.12 EA1N Outline Offshore Op	erations	and Maintenance Plans											
1	The definition of green items states that these items may go ahead and that no additional Marine Licences are needed, but that notification may be required. This is not entirely accurate, some of the items listed as green require resubmission of plans and documentation and further approvals from the MMO. Natural England suggests that the text is amended to reflect that some green items will require approval and not just notification.		As discussed at a workshop on the 10.08.20 the outline OOMP will be updated and resubmitted by the Applicant at Deadline 3. NE will provide an updated response after Deadline 3.		N/A		The Applicant intends to submit an updated outline OOMP into the Examination at Deadline 3.		Resolved. Applicant has added wording to the OOMP submitted at Deadline 3 [REP3-038 and REP3-039] to clarify green items will require approval from the MMO.					
1	Cable burial using surface protection: Natural England assumes this refers to deployment of cable protection, although the table is not clear on this point. This is listed as green indicating that a further marine licence is not required. Natural England does not agree and considers this should be amber. Please see point 2 and the MMO and Natural England position statements on cable protection. This issue is replicated in the transmission section of the plan and both sections should be amended.		Please see point 2 above.		N/A		The Applicant intends to submit an updated draft DCO at Deadline 3.		Issue ongoing see Deadline 4 response Appendix G2.		No update		Position remains. MMO have proposed condition wording on a without prejudice basis. NE agrees to the MMO wording, also on a without prejudice basis to the issues regarding lifetime deployment of cable protection.	s



Point	and Written Representations EA1N Appendix G - Development Consent Order, Deemed Marine Licences and	IRel and	progression	status		status	Consultation actions	Istatus	Consultation, actions,	Istatus	Consultation, actions,	Istatus	Consultation, actions.	RAG status D6
	Scour protection is listed within the table		As discussed at a		N/A		The Applicant intends to		Issue ongoing the		No update		Position remains. MMO	
	as green. Therefore, it may be deployed		workshop on the 10.08.20				submit an updated draft		amendments at Deadline				have proposed condition	
	with no additional licence required. This		the outline OOMP will be				DCO at Deadline 3.		3 did not amend this to				wording on a without	
	should be changed to amber. Scour		updated and resubmitted						amber as requested.				prejudice basis. NE agrees	
	protection may be deployed up until the		by the Applicant at										to the MMO wording, also	
	maximum assessed in the ES. Any		Deadline 3. NE will										on a without prejudice	
	additional protection above the amount		provide an updated										basis to the issues	
	assessed in the ES would need additional		response after Deadline 3.										regarding lifetime	
	licences. Natural England advises that												deployment of scour	
	maximum amount allowed should be												protection.	
18	based on the maximum amount assessed													
	in the ES for the individual foundation													
	type. Not the total assessed volume of													
	scour for the entire project and the													
	document should be amended to reflect													
	this. This issue is replicated in the													
	transmission section of the plan and both													
	sections should be amended.													



Poin	Taken from Natural England's Relevant and Written Representations EA1N t Appendix G - Development Consent Order, Deemed Marine Licences and related certified documentation	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D1	actions, progression	RAG status D2	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D3	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D4	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D5	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D6
19	NE does not consider it appropriate to grant a licence to detonate UXO over the lifetime of the project. This is especially relevant to projects located within the SNS SAC where detonation could have significant impacts and should be assessed based on updated information to show consideration of such things as in-combination impacts. If it is decided that it is appropriate to include UXO detonation for the lifetime of the project, then Natural England notes that UXO detonations are listed as green. We would advise that this should be listed as amber as the ES has assessed only a total of 80 detonations up to a maximum size of 700kg and therefore if more than 80 UXO's are found, or a UXO of size greater than 700kg, a new Marine Licence would be required. Additionally, consent will be required for disturbance of European Protected Species (EPS) for all instances and, therefore, it may be more appropriate to list this as red. However, in all instances the need for the EPS consent should be appropriately reflected in this document to ensure appropriate consent is sought within a reasonable time frame.		The Applicant stated that they do no intend on carrying out UXO clearance throughout the operational period and this will be corrected in the OOMP [AS-036]. As discussed at a workshop on the 10.08.20 the outline OOMP will be updated and resubmitted into Examination at Deadline 3.		N/A		The Applicant intends to submit an updated draft DCO at Deadline 3.		Resolved. Applicant has added wording to the OOMP submitted at Deadline 3 [REP3-038 and REP3-039] to clarify that no UXO clearance events will take place during operation and maintenance period.					



Poir	Taken from Natural England's Relevant and Written Representations EA1N Appendix G - Development Consent Order, Deemed Marine Licences and related certified documentation	RAG Status Rel and WR Rep	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D1	actions,	RAG status D2	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D3	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D4	Consultation, actions, progression	RAG status D5	nrogression	RAG status D6
Doc	ument Used: 8.13 EA1N Offshore In Principle	Monito	ring Plan											
20	The proposed benthic monitoring only considers construction activities. The requirement for monitoring for O&M activities, which directly impact the seabed, should be included. This monitoring will be required in the form of geophysical and ground truthing (drop down video) surveys for any areas which have no monitoring and no construction		The Applicant stated that they would like to see the cable protection paper by Natural England [AS-036]. This was sent to the Applicant, this matter relates to point 2 above. This matter is ongoing. Please see REP1-155.		N/A		The Applicant intends to submit an updated draft DCO at Deadline 3.		Ongoing. See NE Deadline 4 Cover Letter. A detailed response to the IPMP submitted by the Applicant at Deadline 3 [REP3-040 and REP3-041] will be provided by Natural England at Deadline 5.		Natural England have provided a response to the IPMP submitted by the Applicant at Deadline 3. Please see Appendix F8.		Natural England are awaiting an update IPMP at Deadline 6.	
21	Natural England notes that we would like to engage with the Applicant on the potential monitoring requirements for marine mammals and the potential for contribution to strategic monitoring. Following this discussion there may be a need to update this section to better reflect the monitoring that will be required.		There is ongoing discussion on this matter.		N/A		Ongoing.		Ongoing. See NE Deadline 4 Cover Letter. A detailed response to the IPMP submitted by the Applicant at Deadline 3 [REP3-040 and REP3-041] will be provided by Natural England at Deadline 5.		As above		Natural England are awaiting an update IPMP at Deadline 6.	
22	Natural England refers to our points 47 and 48 in Annex A Offshore Ornithology.		Please see point 31 of the Offshore Ornithology tab.		N/A		NE engaged in a workshop with the Applicant on 07.12.20. Awaiting RTD note to be submitted by the Applicant at Deadline 3.		Please see NE interim ornithological response to RTD in Appendix A12 at Deadline 4.		Please see point 31 of the Offshore Ornithology tab.		Please see point 31 of the Offshore Ornithology tab.	